Decatur Daily Republican.

VOL. VIII. DECATUR, ILLINOIS, WEDNESDAY, JULY 23, 1879. NO. 96

SUMMER CLOTHING.

J. R. RACE & CO.

Having received a large and well selected stock of

Boys', Youth's and Children's Suits,

At an UNPRECEDENTEDLY LOW PRICE, are prepared to give extra bargains. We have manufactured a Large Line of MEN'S SUITS, and we sell them at prices that DEFY COMPETITION.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT IS COMPLETE!

Having just received the Latest Nobby Styles.

Our Neckwear and Gents' Furnishing Goods Department

Embraces all the Latest Novelties. Also

White and Fancy Shirts

IN ENDESS VARIETY.

Our Merchant Tailoring Department!

Continues to be an important factor in our business. We have received a large line of the Latest Styles Suitings, and are prepared to give you a PERFECT FITTING GARMENT at a living price. We are now making

BUSINESS SUITS AT THE LOW PRICE OF $25.00
CASSIMERE PANTS FOR - - - 5.00

And last, but not least, we would call the attention of engineers, firemen, brakemen, etc., to our NOBBY OVERSUITS, at the low price of $1.75.

☞ Examine our stock and prices, and be convinced that we mean what we say.

March 26-d&wtf **J. R. RACE & CO.**

E. S. AUNGST, & CO.

UNDERTAKERS

And Dealers in all kinds of

COFFINS,

Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.

Southwest Corner Old Square

DECATUR, ILL.

Residence, No. 18 West William Street. June 5-d&wtf

SAND, GRAVEL

—AND—

COBBLE STONE,

By the Yard or Carload,

FOR SALE BY

J. IMBODEN

Decatur, Ill., May 6, 1879—d&wtmo

M. A. MYER. F. C. MYER

MYER & SON,

HOUSE AND SIGN

PAINTERS!

SPECIALTIES

Decorating, Graining, Gilding, Frescoing and Tinting.

SHOP North Side of the City Park, over meat market, Decatur, Illinois.

March 26—d&wtf

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
Macon County, }
Macon County Circuit Court.

Andrew J. Stoner vs. William Young and Caroline M. Young—Foreclosure—No. 10,836.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause in said court at the May term, A. D. 1879, I, John A. Brown, Master in Chancery for said court, on

Saturday, the 16th day of August, A. D. 1879,

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, at the west door of the Court House, in Decatur, in said county, the following described real estate situate in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, to wit: Lot No. seven (7), in block No. five (5), in the Western Addition to the town (now city) of Decatur, together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging. Said premises will be sold subject to redemption.

Decatur, Ill., July 14th, A. D. 1879.
JOHN A. BROWN,
Master in Chancery for Macon county, Ill.
E. S. McDONALD, Solicitor for Compl't.
July 14—d30d

FREEMAN BROS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

NO. 8 MERCHANT STREET,

Two Doors North Linn & Scruggs.

Decatur, Ill., May 15, 1879—d&w1mos

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
Macon County, }
Macon County Circuit Court.

John R. Hershey et al, Executors &c., vs. Fidelia E. Springer et al.—Foreclosure No. 10,782.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause in said Court at the May term A. D. 1879, I, John A. Brown, Master in Chancery for said Court, on

Wednesday, the 6th day of August, A. D. 1879

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the West door of the Court House, in Decatur in said county, the following described real estate situate in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, to-wit: The east half of the southwest quarter of section fifteen (15) town sixteen (16) range three (3) east of the 3d P. M.; together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging. Said premises will be sold subject to redemption.

JOHN A. BROWN,
Master in Chancery for Macon Co., Ill.
TAIT & HUNDLEY, Sol's for Complainants.
Decatur, Ill., July 16, 1879. July 15d3w

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
Macon County, }
Macon County Circuit Court

Theodore Hildebrandt vs. Alexander C. Cornman and Elizabeth Cornman—Foreclosure—No. 10,781.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause in said court at the May term, A. D. 1879, I, John A. Brown, Master in Chancery for said court, on

Saturday, the 16th day of August, A. D. 1879,

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash at the west door of the Court House, in Decatur, in said county, the following described real estate situate in the county of Macon and state of Illinois, to-wit: Lots eighteen (18) and nineteen (19), in block two (2), in Durfee, Warren & Co.'s Addition to the City of Decatur, together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging. Said premises will be sold subject to redemption.

Decatur, Ill., July 14th, 1879.
JOHN A. BROWN,
Master in Chancery for Macon county, Ill.
E. S. McDONALD, Solicitor for Complainant.
July 14-d30d

THE SYNDICATE.

Bardette.

There was a little lull in the conversation, and presently Miss Sillibub asked the first society young man "What the Syndicate was?"

The first society young man stared, and presently said he believed it was the name of a new opera. Last time he was in Chicawgo, heard Mapleson, fellah that runs Queen's opera company, say he was going to——

"Taint that," a best young man broke in. "I read all 'bout tothah day. It's a kind of—haw—darkies all going to Kansas, you know; whole boatloads of 'em going every day. Political scheme, Republicans and Abolitionists all mixed up in it. Goin' to be a war if it 'taint stopped."

"Guess you're wrong," said a son of one of our first families. "Syndicate's nothing to do with politics, heard some fellows talking 'bout it down town today. Aw—fellow has one in the court house, has to have it, you know, or they wouldn't let him build it. That's what a Syndicate is."

The son of one of our first families was looked up to with so much confidence that there was at first a general inclination to accept his theory, which was disturbed, however, by a young lady, who said "She couldn't exactly understand how that could be, because she read or heard somewhere that Gen. Sherman has ordered the Syndicate, or had something to do with it."

"O yes—fences!" suddenly broke out a young man who makes a living by sucking his cane. "Fences," he added vaguely, but still with considerable enthusiasm. "Don't you know? Mendin' his fences, Sherman's fences—fences."

And the sudden gleam of intelligence died out of his face, and his voice sunk into a feeble mutter. He reached around for his cane, intending to recruit his failing intellect by a long suck at the ivory knob; but he had left it out in the hall, and dejectedly sucked the knob on the back of a camp stool instead.

"Well, Syndicate, as I understand it," remarked a fragile young man who was straining himself by trying to see something through a pair of eye-glasses,—"a Syndicate is when a fellow's going to do something, and another fellow doesn't want him to; other fellow goes to court, and the Judge gives him—sues him out, law-fellows call it—sues him out a Syndicate; then this fellow can't do it."

This was so clearly put that the company sat for a little while wrapped in silent admiration of the young man's profound knowledge of the law. But the whole question was finally settled by the decision of a young man who was wasting a rare and valuable life by trying to raise eleven whiskers on each cheek and look over his collar at the same time. He looked up with an air of drawing interest, and after a painful intellectual effort, asked:

"Wha' is it? Wha' talking about?"

"They told him.

"Syndicate?" he asked,—"Syndicate? Yes, I know. Blamed vulgar thing. Low. Beastly low. Beastly piece of beastly political business. 'Tain't no way fit to talk about here."

And then the company very properly dropped the indelicate subject, and resumed the conversation about the lawn-party.

Fun for Cash Buyers.

At the great clearing sale of Summer Goods, at the Popular New York Store 10c will buy worsted dress goods worth 15c and 18c, 15c will buy beautiful stylish suitings worth 25c and 30c, 60c will buy a $1 parasol, 95c will buy a zephyr shawl, any color, sold elsewhere at $1 50. The only place for real live bargains in dry goods is at the

POPULAR NEW YORK STORE

July22 d&wtf

Better than Gold.

The great climax of success is at last achieved. The poor rejoice, the sick arise and walk, the rich bask in the golden sunshine of perfect health. The physical miseries of the human frame need no longer be endured. DR. KIRK'S CALIFORNIA GOLDEN COMPOUND, for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headache, Coming up of Food, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Biliousness, General Debility, Drowsiness and Low Spirits. This wonderful remedy will *positively cure*, and that where every remedy has failed. To prove that this wonderful remedy will do all we claim for it you are presented with a trial bottle *free of cost* by which you will readily perceive its wonderful curative qualities, and which will show you what a regular one dollar size bottle will do. For sale by Hubbard & Swearingen

If you want the best low price Corset in the market, ask for the "Victor," at Linn & Scruggs'

May 10 d&wtf

1,000 Feed Baskets, for less than half price, at Abel & Locke's carpet, wall-paper and curtain house, Decatur.

July 10—w3mo

If you want mill feed, corn or oats, you can be applied at SHELLABARGER'S

Dec 18—d&wtf

Mme. Demorest's Reliable Patterns; the instructive "What to Wear," 15 cts., and Portfolios, 15 cents, just received by

LINN & SCRUGGS {mar15d&wtf

Try a sack of Shellabarger's "Whit Loaf"—new patent process flour

Dec 18—d&wtf

TIME TELLS!

The craze for Cheap Shoddy Clothing, which has raged so fearfully of late through the medium of clothiers looking for profits, irrespective of consequences as to reputation in satisfying the trade, is dying out.

THE TIDE HAS TURNED.

B. STINE,

The "BOSS CLOTHIER!"

Has practically demonstrated the following facts

Our Daily Increasing Business furnishes the evidence that we Carry a Larger Stock of

Seasonable Clothing

FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS.

Still more of them, a better quality, in material as well as trimmings and workmanship, and last, though not least, sell them for less money than any house in Decatur, and as low as any market in the United States.

100 Fine All-Wood Light Weight

CASSIMERE SUITS!

At $10 per Suit, just received, the BIGGEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED.

200 Fine All-Wool Cassimere Pants,

AT $3.50.

AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

LUSTRE AND SKELETON COATS

Comprising the Novelties of the Season. A Fine Assortment of

WHITE VESTS.

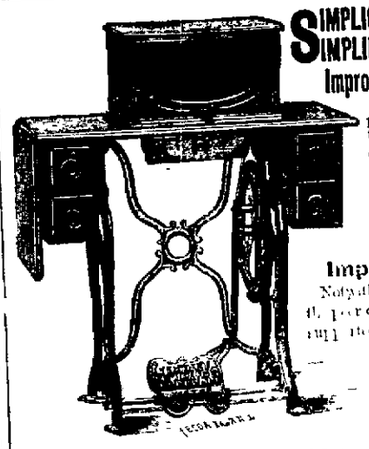
☞ **Children's Clothing a Specialty.**

SQUARE DEALING, AND NO BULLDOZING

Yours truly,

B. STINE,

May 21 d&wtf THE "BOSS CLOTHIER."



SIMPLICITY SIMPLIFIED! SUPERIORITY MAINTAINED!

Improvements September, 1878!

Having regard for the demand of this progressive age, we now offer to the World the

NEW VICTOR

WITH SEVERAL

Important Improvements.

Notwithstanding the VICTOR has long been the perfect sewing machine in the market—a fact fully attested by thousands of witnesses—we now confidently claim for it greater simplicity, a wonderful reduction of friction, and also other *Rare Combinations of Desirable Qualities.* For sale by Merchants and others.

Liberal Terms to the Trade. ☞ Send for Illustrated Circular and Price

Don't buy until you have seen the lightest running machine in the World,—the Ever Reliable "VICTOR."

VICTOR SEWING MACHINE COMPANY,

MIDDLETOWN, CONN., and Nos. 199 and 201 Wabash Avenue, CHICAGO, ILL.

:—FOR SALE BY—

J. M. STOOKEY & CO.,

Dealers in Books, Stationery, Picture Frames, &c., Decatur, Ill.

June 11 eowlw cwim

WANTED

Active parties to act as General State Agents for the sale of our specialties. Business respectable. Goods sell rapidly. We pay a fair salary and expenses, or a liberal commission on sales. From $100 to $200 a month can be made by live men. Rare chance for making money. References required. Address TRIUMPH MFG. CO., 116 Monroe st., CHICAGO, ILL. jun5d3m

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J. T. PEDDECORD. I. BURROWS. WM. M. BOYD.

—o—

BANKING HOUSE

—OF—

PEDDECORD, BURROWS & CO.

JANUARY 1, 1879

—o—

—WE HAVE—

MONEY TO LOAN

IN VARIOUS SUMS ON THE

Most Favorable Terms,

Secured by Mortgage on Real Estate

We keep a supply of

GOVERNMENT BONDS!

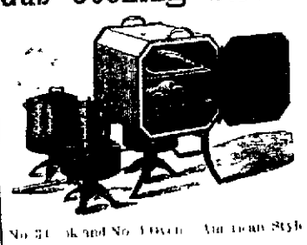
on hand at all times, which we will sell at the

LOWEST MARKET RATES.

☞ A general Banking Business transacted, but no interest paid on deposits.

THE NEW PERFECT RETORT

Gas Cooking Stoves!



No. 310 Clark and No. 1 Dearborn, Sun Beam Style

THESE BROIL

on the open flame

AND

Roast Your Meats, Fish, &c.,

TO PERFECTION

They Bake, Broil, Stew, Fry, Toast, Heat Irons and Water for Washing.

ADVANTAGES

Do not heat up the house, nor the cook. Cheaper than coal or wood, ready in a minute. Perfectly clean. No coal, wood or ashes to handle. Fire instantly lighted. Safer and cleaner than oil stoves. Entirely free from smell of gas or smoke.

FOR SALE AT COST

—AT THE OFFICE OF—

Warren & Durfee,

And at the Superintendent's Office at the Gas Works.

June 26—d30d

"Cheap Charley,"

ONE PRICE ONLY!

NO MISREPRESENTATION!

THE "POOR MAN'S FRIEND."

In accordance with the rule established for all our Branches, we begin every year with the 4th of July

THE CLEARING OUT SALE

—OF OUR—

Summer Stock

to make room for New Winter Stock now in course of being manufactured at our Factory 214 North Clark street, Chicago. To those who want to buy

CLOTHING!

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

Trunks and Furnishing Goods Cheap,

THIS OFFERS A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.

KAUFMAN & BACHRACH,

Cor. Main and Water Sts., Decatur, Ill.

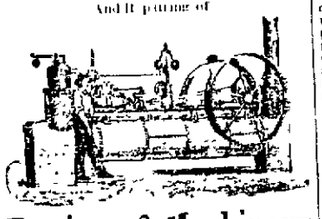
Factory 214 N. Clark St., Chicago. Branches all over the West.

July 2 d&wtf

PLUMBING!

Gas and Steam Fitting,

And Repairing of



Engines & Machinery

OF ALL KINDS

Having recently added some of the best and most improved machinery to our shop, we claim to have the best facilities for doing work in our line in Central Illinois. Call and get estimates before going elsewhere.

ALL WORK WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

H. MUELLER & CO.,

Cor. E. Main and State Sts,

Decatur, Illinois.

July 1879 d1y

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
Macon County, }
Macon County Circuit Court.

Hugh Kirk vs. Michael Gaster—Foreclosure No. 10,827.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause in said court at the May term, A. D. 1879, I, John A. Brown, Master in Chancery for said court, on

Tuesday, the 5th day of August, A. D. 1879,

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the west door of the court house, in Decatur, in said county, the following described real estate situate in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, to-wit: Lot seven (7), in block six (6), in Hardy's Addition to Decatur, together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging. Said premises will be sold subject to redemption.

Decatur, Ill., July 5, 1879.
JOHN A. BROWN,
Master in Chancery for Macon county, Ill.
BUTLER & SHELDON, Solicitors for Compl't.
July 7 d4w

Dissolution Notice.

THE firm of Hays & Bartholomew is this day dissolved by mutual consent, F. D. Bartholomew returning from the firm. All debts due to and from the late firm of Hays & Bartholomew will be settled by our successors in business at the old stand.

F. L. HAYS
F. D. BARTHOLOMEW

July 10, 1879.

The undersigned having this day formed a copartnership under the name and style of F. L. Hays & Co., will continue in the dry goods business at the old stand, where they will be pleased to see all their old friends as well as plenty of new ones.

F. L. HAYS.
THOS. HAYS

July 11—d9t w1

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, James R. Ash and Mary M. Ash, of Macon county, Illinois, did, by their deed of trust dated February 27th, A. D. 1876, and recorded in the recorder's office of said county, in book 85, at page 675, convey to the undersigned trustee the following described premises situate in said county, to-wit: Lot number two of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section five, in township number sixteen north, range two east of the third principal meridian, to secure the payment of one promissory note of said James R. Ash of even date with said deed of trust for the sum of $1,471 77, payable to Carrington & Co. on or before the 15th day of November, A. D. 1876, with ten per cent. per annum;

And whereas, it is provided in said deed of trust, that upon default in payment of said note, or any part thereof when due, it shall be lawful for said trustee, upon application of the legal holder of said note, to proceed and sell said premises under the provisions of said trust deed, and in the manner and for the purposes therein set forth.

And whereas, said note is now long past due, and part thereof is still unpaid; and the legal holder thereof has made application to the undersigned trustee to proceed and sell said premises under the provisions of said deed of trust, to make for the holder thereof the sum of $127 26, which it is claimed will be due on said note on the 11th day of August, A. D. 1879.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that the undersigned trustee will, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 11th, 1879,

at ten o'clock a. m. of said day, at the outside door of the court house, in the city of Decatur, in said Macon county, sell the above described premises and all the right, title, interest, dower and equity of redemption of said James R. Ash and Mary M. Ash their heirs and assigns therein at public auction to the highest and best bidder, for cash, in accordance with the provisions of said trust deed, and by virtue of the power therein granted.

KILBURN H. ROBY, Trustee

July 10, 1879—d6d

PUBLIC NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
Macon County, }
In the Macon County Court, August Term, A. D. 1879.

In the matter of the estate of MATTHEW K. HATCH, deceased.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: Public notice is hereby given that Mary E. Hatch, administratrix of the estate of Matthew K. Hatch, deceased, will appear before the county court of Macon county on the first day of the August term, A. D. 1879, and then and there apply for an order of said court allowing me to sell or compound a large number of desperate claims accruing to the deceased in his lifetime; that a petition therefor has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court together with a list of all and singular the said desperate claims.

MARY E. HATCH, Administratrix.

Dated July 8th, 1879.

July 9—d2w

STRAYED OR STOLEN

On Monday night, June 30th, one mile west and four miles north of Warrensburg, a

LARGE GRAY HORSE,

a little thin in flesh, very heavy forelegs, mane worn off in two places, shod all round.

☞ A liberal reward will be paid for his return to Caldwell's livery stable, Decatur.

July 2-d2w1* WM. P. LAKE.

MIRANDA M. SARGENT, M. D.

Office and residence, Central Block, (lower floor) Merchant street, Decatur, Ill.

The Daily Republican.

S. K. HAMSHER. J. R. MOSSER.

HAMSHER & MOSSER PUBLISHERS.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 23, 1879.

TEMPERANCE TALK.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN—Three reasons disincline me to discuss the temperance question with you in your paper. 1. You have expressed your unwillingness so to do, giving a reason. 2. When I give you a troublesome argument, treating it with superlative disdain and soverrign silence, you trot out your Chinese tom-tom and "fire blank cartridges in the air" from the most ancient of horse-pistols, like two scared boys who whistle as they pass by a graveyard on a dark night. 3. Chiefly, as I would deem it in bad taste to turn and drive the conversation in a disagreeable way in the house of my host. So here your space I occupy of your grace, which favor causes some surprise among temperance folk. But if there be any other Republican in this city who wishes to oppose my reasonings in a kindly spirit, please give him room. Many of your readers are profoundly interested in this question; hence, an earnest search for truth and right is desirable.

ARGUMENT.

The liquor traffic is wrong from beginning to end. No man in the broad sunlight of God has the *natural* right to make or sell rum as a beverage. To produce and to trade in the manifold products of field and shop man has a natural right; for these meet his natural needs; hence government does not license men to carry on such branches of industry. Rum does not meet man's natural necessities. It is not nourishment, nor clothing, nor shelter, nor the rightful education of any of his powers. It does not protect society in its life or liberty, promote its happiness nor contribute to its well being. Because this traffic has the sanction of statute law it does not follow that it is, therefore, right. Did not the constitutional law of our republic recognize and sanction slavery for more than three quarters of a century? But did this make slavery right? No; Republicans will easily call to mind "the doctrine of the higher law," and it was in obedience to this doctrine that the blood of patriots washed the lie out of our national constitution and the stain from our flag.

The liquor traffic is disease, decay and death, to the individual and to the state; therefore, the attitude of the government—general, state or municipal—that permits the making or selling of rum as a beverage is wrong. It is a gigantic evil—recognized as such by government in the very fact of its attempted regulation—and it is not the function of civil government to protect but to prohibit evil in all the forms that affect its life. Equally false is it that society should undertake to regulate evil by law. Its business is to restrict and remove it, as far as possible, not to regulate. The legalization of this traffic is the most flagrant perversion of the right of the state. I remain, sirs,

Yours for the Higher Law,
N. S. HAYNES.

Our esteemed correspondent makes a complaint or two, in starting out, which we do not care to pass by "with superlative disdain and sovereign silence." We are not aware of the fact that we have expressed an unwillingness to discuss the temperance question. The "temperance question" is one that is hardly debatable, since all men agree upon the desirability of sobriety and temperance. The question of legal prohibition is an entirely different one, and we stated at the outset of this controversy with Mr. Haynes that we could not, as a political journal, enter upon its discussion until it became a recognized issue in politics. The fact that political parties as at present constituted are not willing to so recognize it is the basis of Mr. Haynes' complaint. (2.) The fact that we have treated some of our correspondent's remarks with "sovereign silence" is hardly *prima facie* evidence that he has given us a "troublesome argument." Some "arguments" do not require any other treatment than that of silence. (3.) The assertion that our willingness to grant Mr. Haynes space in our columns "causes some surprise among temperance folk" is a gratuitous fling which our correspondent might have spared himself the effort of making. Since the inception of the movement which our correspondent fondly hoped would carry him into the legislature, the REPUBLICAN has upon all occasions opened its columns to the advocates of temperance — frequently according them space which we could hardly spare, and nobody knows this better than Mr. Haynes. His insinuation to the contrary is as unjust as it is unkind.

That part of Mr. Haynes' epistle which he labels "argument" is but a rehash of what everybody has heard for years, and we do not see that it requires any further comment at our hands.

Every Lady who desires a neat-fitting shoe should try D. W. Wright's Rochester Shoes. They are celebrated for being the neatest and most comfortable-fitting shoes ever made. Barber & Baker keep a full assortment of them in all widths and sizes. [June 19-d&wtf

ELECTION FRAUDS.

The Mathematics of the Democratic Vote of 1876.

The New York *Times* prints a large number of facts and statistics tending to show that there were great Democratic frauds in the presidential vote of 1876. It shows by a careful study of our elections since 1828 that in periods of the highest political excitement not more than 85 per cent. of the electoral body of a state can be fairly brought to the polls; in other words, fifteen in every one hundred qualified citizens, owing to preventive causes, are unable to exercise the right of suffrage. It was discovered on examination that the aggregate vote returned as being cast in the presidential vote of 1876, presented the most startling exception to that had gone before for forty-eight years. The election was not an especially excited one, as presidential elections go, yet it is found that the aggregate vote cast is in its magnitude out of all proportion to the population of the country; that the percentage of the non-voting sinks to an impossibly low figure; that the percentage of increase in the vote of some sections at that election over the vote of 1872 is greatly disproportioned to their increase of population, and to the annual increase of their vote for twenty years preceding.

As to the aggregate of the country, these facts, among others, are shown: In 1860, the most exciting election, except that of 1840, known in our history, the presidential vote equaled 119 per cent. of the state population, and 23.7 per cent. of the electors failed to vote. In 1872 it equaled 16.9 per cent., and 22.3 per cent. of the electors did not vote. In 1876 the vote equaled 19.9 per cent. of the population, and only 8.7 of the electors failed to vote; that is, in every 100 qualified voters in every state of the Union, no more than 8.7 are supposed to have failed to come to the polls.

There is no parallel to this in all the previous history of the United States.

The following facts are proved: That, as respects Louisiana, the claims made in behalf of Mr. Tilden assume that in every 100 qualified voters ninety nine came to the polls and voted, which is a physical impossibility: that in Florida Mr. Tilden's claims rested on the assertion made by his friends that the popular vote amounted to 48,791, which required that 4,050 ballots should be cast in excess of the whole number of qualified electors in the state; that to cast the vote claimed in Mississippi would require that in every 100 voters 94.5 10 came to the polls, and, if every white voter in the state had cast his vote for Tilden, it would still require that 30,286 colored men should also have voted for him to bring the total up to what it was claimed to be; that in New York it is conclusively proven that the number of qualified electors in the state in 1876 did not exceed 1,068,412 or 22.4 per cent. of its total population, and of this number the presidential vote, as returned, showed that 1,017,330 had come to the polls, which would require that in every 100 qualified voters in the state only 4.8 failed to deposit their ballots, and this is sheer impossibility; that, in respect to New Jersey, the presidential vote of 1876 presents results more extraordinary than in New York, for a state census was taken in 1875, which showed the population to be 1,109,413, and by the method of computation used in the Federal census of 1870 there must have been in the state in 1876 223,004 qualified voters; that the total vote returned was 220,234, or only 2,770 short of the whole number of persons in the state qualified to vote; that to produce this incredible rally to the polls it would require that only a fraction over one voter in 100 in the whole of New Jersey should have failed to deposit his ballot on this occasion, and amounts to a physical impossibility; that it is also noted that in 1876 the Republicans increased their vote 12.9 per cent. over that of 1872, and yet, despite this increase, the Democratic vote made an increase of no less than 50 per cent.; that in Connecticut the same general features are discovered in the disproportion of the vote of 1876 as compared with the population, and the results of all previous presidential elections in that state; that never before did the vote cast exceed 80 per cent. of the whole body of qualified electors; but in the last election this proportion rose to 88.2.

The *Times* gives many facts to show that the utterly unprecedented increase in the proportion of 1876 was not due to the Republican vote, which showed only its normal increase, but to the astonishing growth of the Democratic vote.

A NUMBER of newspapers of this congressional district, both Democratic and Republican, are referring to Hon. J. G. Cannon as "preparing to enter the race for governor of Illinois." This is wholly gratuitous on the part of the newspapers, as we happen to know that Mr. Cannon has no aspirations for the governorship. Mr. Cannon is fully satisfied with the position the voters of the Fourteenth District have conferred upon him four times in succession, and it is the height of his pleasure and ambition to perform the duties of congressman to the satisfaction of his constituents. Should his political friends "delight to honor" him in the future they can do so in no manner more gratifying ty him than by continuing him in congress, where he has made a record that is highly creditable alike to him and the old Fourteenth District. The next congress is to be a Republican congress, and in it Mr. Cannon's fine abilities as a working, pains-taking member brought to view by the experience of four terms' service, will entitle him to high rank among the committees of the house.—*Danville Commercial*

TELEGRAPHIC

YELLOW FEVER.

The Situation at Memphis Not So Dark.

The Evils of Free Rations.

HOW THINGS ARE AT CAIRO.

MEMPHIS, July 22.—Five new cases were reported to the Board of Health this morning; among the number was Mrs. Powers, who resides at No. 374 Shelby street, where Mulbrandon's shoe shop is located. Four deaths have occurred since last night—Thos. Kernan, Harry Ray, Louis Bruckmond, and Mollie Hamerle.

The city authorities will doubtless select a site to day where a camp will be established to which the poor of the city will be removed.

Two more cases were reported to the Board of Health this afternoon, both of which are colored. Two additional deaths have also occurred—Bob Thompson and Patrick Mereth.

The Howard Association held a meeting this afternoon, and detailed two of their members to ascertain from physicians where nurses are required, which will be furnished, but the organization as a whole, will not begin operations. They do not think the situation at present sufficiently alarming.

MEMPHIS, TENN, July 22.—Memphis is a deserted city. Her residences are unoccupied, and but few business houses remain open. Her people are refugees from home, and death lurks in every breeze which sweeps through her streets and alleys. Soon the cry of distress will be heard, and then follows the wail of the bereaved and yet amidst the gloom there are remaining in this doomed city some who gloat over the miseries of the present. There are nearly 200 whites, backed by 10,000 colored, who daily stand around, who never try to do anything, who would not leave Memphis if they could. These barnacles are but awaiting the time when dire necessity will compel the Howard Association and Citizens' Relief Committee to begin operations. The recollection of 1878 still lingers with them, and they are all prepared and ready to partake of a nation's charity. The information that the Government has sent supplies has gladdened their hearts. In the near future they see free rations and plenty of them. This state of affairs has, in a measure, deterred the Howard Association from beginning operations, although it was decided upon at their meeting held this afternoon. The situation is not at present deemed sufficiently urgent to call them in the field.

In regard to the free ration subject, an editorial in the *Ledger* this afternoon plainly states the situation and what will be done to avoid a repetition of the scenes of last year. The article referred to says: "We hope that these supplies will not be allowed to come into Memphis, but be distributed as they were to those in a camp last year, somewhere in the vicinity. Hundreds of negroes have already abandoned the plantations, where they ought to be at work, and started to Memphis to draw free rations, as they suppose. What supplies we may have to distribute should be given only to Memphis people, and then on condition that they go into camp in some safe and healthy place, or go beyond the reach and influence of the yellow fever entirely. The free and promiscuous commissary of last year, while run as well as practicable under the circumstances, and affording relief to many worthy and needy people, was yet productive of much evil. The strongest and most worthless applicants were often the most successful in drawing heavy supplies. The weak and sick were crowded back and had no one to represent them. A considerable class became demoralized to such an extent that the appearance of yellow fever signifies nothing to them but an abundance of free rations, and excites in their minds pleasure rather than regret. They are not the honest, hard-working laborers, but a floating class of little use under any circumstances, or to any community. The policy adopted by our authorities and suggested by us several weeks ago, in anticipation of the fever again, is to depopulate the city, and if rations are to be collected and given out, let this be done in the country where there is, and probably can be no fever this year. Thus the crowds will be kept out and many lives will be saved."

The greatest difficulty yet experienced in carrying out this wholesome suggestion has been in the selection of a suitable camping ground. Several places along the line of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad have been selected, but in every instance the people living in the immediate vicinity have offered strong opposition. They fear an importation of the fever in their midst, and the result of all is that nothing has been done. Father Walsh, a Catholic priest of distinction, will reestablish camp Father Matthew, which was the home of near 500 of his faith last year. This camp will be situated about six miles northeast of the city.

Dr. D. T. Porter, President of the Board of Police and Fire Commissioners, stated to your correspondent this afternoon that if the Louisville and Nashville Railroad had acted in a liberal spirit towards the authorities he would have had the city depopulated, but with a greediness that stands unparalleled in the annals of history, this company have refused to extend any assistance towards the removing of the people to a place of safety. It is true in a few instances they gave half-fare rates to Louisville, but even this small reduction has been stopped. Dr. Porter was notified to-day that half-fare rates could only be given to McKenzie, Tenn., which renders him powerless to remove the masses.

CAIRO, Ill., July 22.—There was a slight rain this morning. Quarantine restrictions are increasing. The State Board of Health meets here this afternoon. Drs. Wardner, Rauch, Ludlam and Clark are expected to be present. There is no sign of the fever here.

Dr. Rauch, at noon, received dispatches from Dr. Mitchell, at Memphis, announcing twenty-three new cases and five deaths in twenty-four hours; that a severe epidemic was not probable, and that he knew of no other places of infection.

Dr. C. H. White, Sanitary Director of New Orleans, also telegraphed that there is no yellow fever in New Orleans. The city is perfectly healthy.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Mr. McCulloch, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, in an interview here, expresses great satisfaction with the financial condition of the country, and predicts the certain election of the Republican Presidential candidate.

A gentleman of this city has received a letter from General Grant, by the last mail, which is dated "On the road to Pekin, May 29." In that letter he mentioned October 1 as the date of his arrival in San. Francisco. He said nothing of going to Australia and the Sandwich Islands, and of not returning home until after the Republican National Convention had been held. Another mail is expected from him on Thursday, the steamer from Hong Kong, with mail from that place to June 29, having arrived at San Francisco on Thursday last.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—Representative John Goode, of Virginia, is here. He says the citizens of Norfolk have thoroughly cleansed and disinfected that city, and that the strictest watch is kept for the approach of any yellow fever vessel or yellow fever fugitives from the interior, and that at the first approach of danger a rigid quarantine will be effected. He does not think that northern vessels touching at Norfolk need have any fear that the disease will come there.

Representative Casey Young, of Memphis, seems to be doing for the yellow fever sufferers what the National Board of Health has not undertaken to do. It was at Mr. Young's suggestion that the tents were furnished, and the National Board seems to be chiefly occupied with controversies as to jurisdiction between itself and the local quarantines.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The Cabinet discussed to day the yellow fever question. The acting Postmaster General was instructed to use all means in his power to keep mail communication open.

SMITHFIELD, Ill., July 22.—Intelligence has been received of a horrible murder which took place at Bernadotte, in Fulton county, last Saturday afternoon. A man named Stephen Joy and a Dr. Hall had been quarreling pretty much all the day, when, late in the afternoon, Joy said this thing had to be settled. Hall said: "Steve, you know I can whip you," and at the same moment both rose to their feet, and Joy thrust his knife into the throat of Hall, severing the jugular vein. Hall died instantly. The Coroner's jury returned a verdict of murder in the first degree.

Dr. Hall was one of the leading physicians of this vicinity, and Mr. Joy was greatly respected. He stood high as a member in the Methodist Episcopal Church.

SOMETIMES a Southern Republican gives way to a spirit of exaggeration when extolling the Unionism of Southern men. Thus the Hon. Walter Evans, of Kentucky, in a recent speech, said that only 15,000 Kentuckians served in the Confederate army, against 60,000 in the Union army. The Rebel army rolls bear the names of nearly 50,000 Kentuckians, while an equal number acted as guerrillas and bush-whackers in that State, and gave much trouble to the Union Generals. President Lincoln was compelled to employ an average of 100,000 Northern Union troops in Kentucky to keep down the Rebel element and fight the Kentucky Confederates. Of the 50,000 loyal men in the Union army credited to Kentucky, a large number were negroes, and the bulk of the whites were employed as Home Guards to combat the disloyal Kentucky guerrillas and other Rebels. The Confederates in that State throughout the War were as dominant over Unionism as the Democrats into which they correlated have been dominant over the Republicans of Kentucky since the War.

For the Ladies.—I am daily receiving new and elegant styles in spring and summer millinery. Call and see me, old friends and new. M. FALCONER,
18 Merchant street, up stairs.
apr 12 dtf

MERKLE Seamless Side-lace Shoes, for Ladies, at Ferriss's. Perfect fitting, no seams, and consequently no ripping—an elegant style, for $2.50.
Feb. 18-d&wtf

NICKEL-PLATED heels, Merkle Patent Seamless Shoes, check, blue and basket top, side lace and button shoes, at Ferriss's Shoe Store.
Feb. 29-d&wtf

LADIES' night dresses, chemises, drawers and skirts, at *very low prices.*
June 27-d&wtf LINN & SCRUGGS.

State-Sovereignty.

Memphis (Tenn.) Avalanche (Ind.)

The doctrine of State-sovereignty, often confounded with State-rights, was deemed the bulwark of Slavery. The Southern States, controlled by self-interest, clung to the dogma of State-sovereignty. But, since slavery was abolished in spite of it and over it, there is no practical statesmanship in South-Representatives in Congress defending this dogma. It is true that the public men of 1860 who urged secession from the Union naturally feel like having a vindication and indorsement by the people; and they vainly imagine that the good-will of the people, and often pity for them, requires out-bursts of eloquence in defense of what they did in 1860. The dogma of State-sovereignty will not be given up until the Secession generation of leaders perish from public life. And until the South disregards it, and plants itself on a National position, maintaining the supremacy of the Federal Government and Union, it will be in a minority in votes and an inferiority in wealth and position.

Success in the Stock Market.

Few people understand how large fortunes are amassed so rapidly in stock operations. Messrs. Lawrence & Co., Bankers, N. Y., have published "two unerring rules for success" and full details, so that any one can operate. Mailed free. Their new combination system of dealing in stocks is wonderfully profitable. By this method thousands of orders, in various sums are pooled in one immense capital, and co-operated as a mighty whole, thus securing to each shareholder all the advantages of vast capital and best skill. Profits divided every 30 days. $15 would make $75 profit, $100 would return $1,000 or 10 per cent. on the stock in the month, and so on, according to the market. A New York Fashion Editress and prominent newspaper correspondent, made over 375 per cent. profit on an investment, Oct. 5th, 1878. Many others are doing as well or better. Large or small amounts can be used with equal proportionate success by this system. All kinds of stocks and bonds wanted. Government bonds supplied. Apply to Lawrence & Co., Bankers, 55 Exchange Place, N. Y. City

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. This Salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Hubbard & Swearingen, Decatur.
Feb. 3-d&wbmo

Genuine Mason

FRUIT JARS!

Extra Heavy Glass, $1 PER DOZ.

LARGE JELLY GLASSES,
40 Cts. per doz.

Refrigerators, from $7.
Ice Cream Freezers.
Water Coolers, $1.25.
Lemonade Straws.
Shell Ice Cream Saucers
Lemonade Tumblers, 30 cents per set.
Goblets, 30 cts. per set.
Nickle Plated Fluters, 60 cents.
Gasoilne Stoves, with or without Ovens.
Best Gasoline in the city.
Best White Coal Oil.
All kinds of Queensware
Garden and Lawn Vases
Baby Carriages, $6.50.
Cooking Stoves.
Kitchen Utensils, and a great assortment of Housekeepers' Articles at the very lowest prices, at

LIDDLE'S

MAMMOTH STORES,
1 & 2 Court House Block
June 2-d&wtf

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
Macon County, }

In the County Court, August Term, A. D. 1879.

TO ALL PERSONS CONCERNED: TAKE notice that the undersigned, guardian of James B. Burrows, a minor, will apply by petition to the County Court of said county at the next term thereof, to be held in said county on the 3rd Monday in August next, at the Court House in Decatur, for an order to sell the real estate belonging to said minor, when and where all persons interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such application should not be granted.

LOWRER BURROWS, Guardian.
Dated Decatur, July 22, 1879—d6t

WASHINGTON HOUSE!
OPPOSITE UNION DEPOT.
Decatur, - - Illinois.

THIS HOUSE has lately changed hands and been fitted up in good style. Day and weekly boarders can be accommodated.—☞ MEALS ONLY 25 CENTS. We solicit the patronage of the traveling public.
E. SCHULZ, Proprietor.
June 17, 1879—d1mo

ONE-PRICE CASH DRY GOODS HOUSE!

F. L. HAYS & CO.

NO. 25 NORTH WATER STREET,

Have just received a dozen varieties of Shetland Wool Lace Shawls from $1 to $2.75, and Shetland Wool Lace Scarfs at $1.50. blue, cardinal and white.
Ladies' Linen Dusters, $2.00 to $3.50.
Mohair Dusters, $3.50.
Handsome Embroidery and Percale trimmed Linen Suits, at $4.00.
Lawn Suits, at $3.50 to $6.
Polkadot Percale Suits. at $4.50, very stylish.
All-Wool Bunting, 25c.
New Patterns Linen Lawns.
Cotton Parasols, 10 cents to $1.
Silk Parasols, 75 cents to $7.50.
Elegant Stock Summer Skirts, 50c to $2.
Full Stock Ladies' Hosiery, 5c to $1.
Gents' Half Hose, 5c to 50c.
Ladies' and Children's Gloves, Lace Mitts, &c., all prices.
Ladies' All-Linen Handkerchiefs, 5c to $1.
Domestic Departments Crowded Full of New Choice Goods.

Decatur, June 6 dAwtf

ALL accounts agree that there has been an unusual demand for cheaply made or shoddy boots or shoes. It is a very short-sighted policy to buy or sell such stuff. In using these goods you pay out twice as much money in a year for your boots and shoes, and you never have a pair that fits, because manufacturers of the cheap grade pay no attention to the fit of their work. We trust that people who buy shoddy work will turn over a new leaf in this matter and practice true economy, by making quality the first consideration of their purchase of boots and shoes. At the popular Boot and Shoe House of L. L. Ferriss you can get prime, solid and serviceable Boots and Shoes for as little money as you can buy cheaper grades elsewhere. His goods are made from the choicest materials, over improved styles of lasts, graded in sizes and widths to fit the human foot properly, and no shoddy nor deception there. Mr. Ferriss does a one-price cash business, and can afford to sell very low. You can find the largest assortment in the city of strictly good goods at Ferriss' New Shoe Store, 13 East Main Street, being just across the street from his old store and [illegible] Millinery Emporium.
June 20th, 1879—d& wtf

DR. PRICE'S

CREAM BAKING POWDER. SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Eminent Chemists and Physicians certify that these goods are free from adulteration, richer, more effective, produce better results than any others, and that they use them in their own families.

DR. PRICE'S UNIQUE PERFUMES are the Gems of all Odors.
TOOTHENE. An agreeable, healthful Liquid Dentifrice.
LEMON SUGAR. A substitute for Lemons.
EXTRACT JAMAICA GINGER. From the pure root.
STEELE & PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST GEMS.
The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.
STEELE & PRICE, Manfrs., Chicago, St. Louis & Cincinnati.

Our Grand

Unexcelled in Economy of Fuel.
Unsurpassed in Construction.
Unparalleled in Durability.
Undisputed in the BROAD CLAIM of being the
VERY BEST OPERATING,
AND MOST
PERFECT COOKING STOVE
EVER OFFERED FOR THE PRICE.
MADE ONLY BY
EXCELSIOR MANUF'G CO.
612, 614, 616 & 618 N. MAIN STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO

CHARTER OAK STOVE
The BEST of All

Sold in Decatur by CLOSE & GRISWOLD

AFTER 40 YEARS

Of steadily increasing popularity it may be justly claimed that *Procter & Gamble's Lenox Soap* deserves its well earned reputation for TOILET QUALITY and PURITY. *Procter & Gamble's* long experience (since 1837) in the exclusive attention to a manufacture combined with the full selection of materials used, insures to housekeepers an *effective, cleanly and economical soap* for laundry and general household use. It is all in one pound bars of convenient shape and each wrapped in red paper. Both wrapper and Soap bear the name of *PROCTER & GAMBLE* and *LENOX OLIVE*. It is sold everywhere, at the price of ordinary soap. A trial is respectfully solicited.

New Spring Stock

OF

BOOTS & SHOES

I AM NOW RECEIVING

New, Fresh Goods FOR THE Spring Trade,

And am prepared for Business.

April 23, 1879—d&wly G. F. WESSELS.

The Daily Republican.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 23, 1879.

CITY DEPARTMENT.

ATTEND prayer meeting to-night.

LUSTRE coats at B. Stine's 21-tf

THE Midland pay car passed through Decatur last week.

TO MAKE sure of catching night trains order Ben. Taylor's hack.

NOVELTIES in fine Scotch cassimere suits at B. Stine's may21-tf

IF IN need of machine oils, call on Irwin, he sells the cheapest.

FRESH FEATHERS for sale at Linn & Scruggs'. [Nov 23-dtf

SMOKE the famous "Telephone" 5-cent cigar, for sale only at W. C. Armstrong's drug store.

ANOTHER new brick building is springing up at Haworth's check rower manufactory. The end is not yet.

THE Northern, Central and Southern divisions of the Illinois National Guard, under command of Gens. Torrence, Reece and Pavey, have been invited to be present at the Reunion at Aurora, August 20, 21 and 22, 1879."

LADIES, you will find the most elegant line of toilet soaps, at lowest prices, at Irwin's

THE First M. E. church missionary sociable, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Allen Scott, on East Wood street, was fairly attended last night and was an enjoyable affair.

IT is a self-evident fact that Abel & Locke keep the largest supply of carpets and house-furnishing goods of any firm in the city. See their display and buy

SIX saloon keepers at Peoria were arrested on yesterday for selling intoxicating liquors on Sunday. The war has commenced in earnest.

LET everybody remember that Niedermyer, the grocer on the mound, makes a specialty of country produce.

THE oldest Freemason is at present living—or rather, dying—in Scotland, Alexander Cameron, tailor, of Boston, aged 96, a Mason for 75 years.

THE coffin factory is in good running order again, and the company have more orders for their superior manufactured goods than they can fill.

IF you want the best woven corset in the market, ask for the Newport, at Linn & Scruggs'. [may10-d&wtf

NOW is the accepted time to buy stoves, and all kinds of hardware goods, at your own price. R. C. Crocker is closing out his entire stock at a great sacrifice. Give him a call, everybody.

PROF STANLEY GRIMES will deliver a free lecture on the wonderful nature of intemperance on Sunday evening at the Bethel.

CARPETS for everybody—rich, poor, high and low—at Abel & Locke's old established house on East Main st. Prices within the reach of all.

ALL KINDS of furniture repaired, repainted or varnished in the neatest and most substantial manner. Old Revere House. Ed. Houston, agent.

March 8 d&wtf

LADIES will find it to their interest to give Miss A. Miller a call when in need of millinery goods.

THE Danville *News* of the 22d contained the following with reference to parties who lately resided in this city:

"Messrs. Grabs & Keck, from Decatur, have located in the city and opened a bottling establishment on West Main street. They bottle malt extract and Ohio champaign cider for family use, and respectfully solicit patronage."

THE St. Nick 'bus makes regular trips to the depot, starting from the old square, up Water street and down Eldorado street. Fare one way, from any point along the route, going or returning, at five cents.

THE youthful warblers of Bloomington have organized a 'Litta Serenading Club.' The instruments consists of two French harps, a flute, a violin, a bass viol, a cornet, an alto horn, two guitars and a triangle

THAT eccentric sage, Josiah Espy, remarks that if love and affection could be won with gifts and jewels, then indeed love would have its price; but it is not so. Affection springs from the heart only; no gifts can produce it. A child's love is won more truly by a parent's fond embrace and kiss than with glittering toys.

Two hearses were used yesterday at the funeral of the late Mrs. Sophia Rinehart and Miss Polly Honiker. The remains were taken from the family residence to the Catholic church and followed to the cemetery, by one of the largest funeral corteges ever witnessed in Decatur

THE freight business on the Wabash railway is simply immense. Train after train passes through the city eastward at all hours of the night heavily loaded with live stock and dead freight. Fifteen or twenty cars loaded with grain came up from Blue Mound last night, which does pretty well for one town in Macon county.

A LITTLE daughter of Ed. Webb's got lost at Macon the other night and could not be found for three hours. All the inhabitants of the town were out assisting in the search, and the excitement increased with each passing minute. Finally the little girl was found at her aunt's, two miles from the village, where she had gone unexpectedly on a visit for the night.

NEW ENGLAND has over 230 farmers' clubs, with 72,000 active members, and library books to the number of 21,000, and in the United States there are nearly 2,000 agricultural societies, with 58,000 volumes in their libraries, and with access to 300 different agricultural publications, all exerting a direct influence on the intelligence and future prospects of the tillers of the soil.

The Wabash.

Perhaps the largest number of freight trains that have ever passed through Decatur on any previous night went eastward over that road last night. It is officially reported that there were 47 trains, in all 1200 heavily loaded cars, carrying live stock, grain and other dead freight. So great has been the business on this great through line within the past three weeks that long freight trains follow each other in quick succession, and the rails are constantly heated. From present indications the business on this line will increase 50 per cent. during the coming month. The grain product of the west is just beginning to move east.

The Lass That Loved a Sailor.

By reference to our advertising columns and the handsome "bills on the wall" in different parts of tee city, it will be noticed that a first-class New York opera company will appear at the opera house on the evenings of July 28th and 29th, and give our citizens a pleasing rendition of H. M. S. Pinafore; or the Lass that Loved a Sailor." This is one of the very best traveling troupes on the road, and will present the opera with a full corps of accomplished singers. During the opera, "Nancy Lee," "Larboard Watch," "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep," and other selections will be given. Admission, 50 cents; reserved seats, 75 cents; to be had at Abbott's jewelry store.

A Bay Window for the Court Room.

Judges C. B. Smith, of Champaign, Oliver L. Davis, of Danville, and J. W. Wilkin, of Marshall, of this the fourth judicial circuit, and the public generally, are respectfully informed that the board of supervisors of Macon county have ordered that a large bay window be put in the court room at this place. Mills & Harry have the contract, and the improvement will be completed within the next ten days. The bay window will be put in directly south of the Judge's bench, and will be the full length of the windows of the court room, and ten feet wide. The work is now in progress

A Blind Man's Death.

On the night of the 1st of October, 1878, a blind man named Wm. Holmes, an Englishman by birth, aged 45 years, at the approach of a train, jumped off the bridge across Stevens creek, on the Pekin, Lincoln and Decatur railway, striking the ground, 30 feet below. The injuries received by the fall were quite severe, and it was thought that he would die within a few days. He was taken to his home, three miles north of the city, where he has been lingering ever since, until last night, when he died of paralysis. He leaves a wife, and was a member of the Episcopal church.'

Pennilwell's Excursion.

The grand land and water excursion to Toledo, Put-in-Bay and Lakeside, which left this city last night at 10:40 o'clock, over the Wabash, under the management of T. Penniwell, did not catch a big delegation from Decatur. There were not more than ten additions here. At Bement, Tolono and other points east, we learn that a considerable number of people got on board. The fare for the round trip was $5, and the tickets are good to return to Decatur at 3:40 p. m., July 25th.

Better.

Mr. V. H. Parke informs us that his little daughter, Grace, is very much better this morning, and though not yet out of danger, her condition is so much improved that strong hopes of her recovery are entertained. Mr. and Mrs Parke desire us to express their thanks to their numerous friends for many kindnesses and expressions of solicitude and sympathy.

The Rothfuss Case Dismissed.

The case of the City of Decatur vs. Andrew Rothfuss, arrested on yesterday, charged with selling beer without a license, was dismissed in Justice Wood's court this afternoon.

A Veteran Company.

Adjt. General Hilliard has issued discharges to 42 members of Company E, 10th Battallion, of Dwight, who have served five years, and whose terms have expired. They have re-enlisted as veterans, being the first members of the I. N. G. to enjoy that distinction.

THE open-air concert last night brought out the usual large and appreciative crowd. For two hours the park walks were thronged with people, and it was with difficulty that one could crowd his way through to the fountain. The streets were filled with vehicles, and the store rooms and upper windows around the square were filled with ladies and children. The concerts are very popular, and will doubtless be repeated each succeeding summer for years to come.

WE are to-day issuing from our job presses a large edition of the *Bulletin*—a publication under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association. We rather pride ourselves upon the appearance of this little sheet, which will compare favorably, in a typographical way, with anything ever printed in Decatur.

GRAND MASTER ORENDORFF, of the Independent Order of Odd-Fellows, has received semi-annual reports from upwards of 400 lodges of that order in this State, which show a net increase of membership of over 400. The same lodges last year showed a net loss of about 600. There are upwards of 200 lodges yet to hear from, among them some of the most prosperous in the state.

Ladies, be Sure

And buy all your corsets, gloves, ruchings, ribbons, hosiery, laces and notions at the Popular New York Store. We guarantee you a saving of at least 20 per cent. July22-d&wtf

FOR RENT.—A dwelling house of eight rooms on West Wood street. House recently overhauled and fitted up nicely. Cistern and well water on the premises. Apply to M. Forstmyer, at the county jail.

MATTOON'S MEANNESS.

The Guard's Drill for a Cash Prize at Mattoon on the 4th, and are Swindled Out of the Money—Capt. Goodman's Letter to the Committee.

For a week previous to the 4th of July it was generally understood here, and so publicly announced by the daily papers of this city, that the Decatur Grenadiers and Guards were going to Mattoon on the nation's holiday to drill for a $150 prize which had been offered by the celebration committee to be competed for by visiting military companies. The Guards and Grenadiers, as everybody knows, went to Mattoon, and the Guards were victorious. The Decatur militia were the only companies present. Instead of receiving the cash prize, the Guards were presented with two small silk flags, and they came home, confidently expecting that the prize money would be sent to them in due time. From the 5th of July until the 17th nothing was said of the matter, when Capt. Goodman sent the following letter to Mattoon:

DECATUR, ILL., July 17, 1879.

T. R. WEAVER, *Chairman Committee 4th of July Celebration at Mattoon, Ill:*

DEAR SIR:—I don't wish to enter into any controversy on the result of your 4th of July Prize Drill; but I must say that the manner in which your committee is trying to wriggle out of paying the advertised cash prizes, is in very bad taste, to say the least. Now here is the way the matter presents itself to me: Sometime in June ("I think the first part") I received your invitation to participate in said prize drill, offering three cash prizes—$150, $100 and $50—to companies mustering fifty men. Some weeks afterward Mr. Shrock called on me, and I told him it would be an impossibility to muster fifty men. This was followed by a second invitation, ("on the part of your committee,") reducing the number of men to thirty—not saying anything in regard to the prizes, the supposition being that the prizes remained the same. On the strength of that understanding my company went over. Now, to think that this company would go to Mattoon on a 4th of July celebration and there participate in a prize drill with other companies in the hot sun for the mere fare and the fun of getting up an exhibition for your people, is simply preposterous; that is stretching the imagination beyond endurance. Here I shall rest the case. The race is run. You still hold the stakes which justly belong to the Decatur Guards.

Yours respectfully,
A. GOODMAN, Capt. Com'd'g,
Co. H., 5th Regt. I. N. G.

Captain Goodman was not favored with a reply by mail, but the Mattoon *Gazette* of the 18th contained the following extracts with appended comments:

"We clip the following from the Decatur REPUBLICAN of July 17th:

The Decatur Guards carried off the $150 prize at Mattoon on the 4th, as the best drilled company present.—*Paris Gazette.*

Yes, but they have not received the money yet. Mattoon is great on promises but "n. g." when it comes to paying her just obligations.

The officers of the Decatur Guards know that there is no foundation for this aspersion, and that it is false, and villainously mean, of the kind that comes from a guest who has been splendidly entertained, and then turns and slanders his host.

The facts are that the Decatur military companies, together with those from Terre Haute and elsewhere were invited to come to Mattoon at their own expense and compete for a cash prize of $150. The Decatur companies knew that they would have no show competing with Terre Haute and *made no reply* whatever to the invitation. The Terre Haute companies replied that they could not afford to come for the money. The committee then made another proposition, that they would defray all traveling expenses and entertain the companies, but offering no cash prize, if they would come. The Decatur companies and one Terre Haute company accepted; but on account of a strong local protest and influence the latter company afterwards declined. The Decatur companies, however, were brought here, entertained and sent home without a cent of expense to themselves; and for this hospitality Mattoon is continually being slandered. We think it comes with poor grace from a town like Decatur whose citizens had to go away from home to find a fourth of July celebration."

Decatur had five big celebrations on the 4th, and they were attended by thousands of people. The $150 prize offered by the Mattoon folks is what induced the Decatur companies to go to that place, and it made no difference whatever if the Terre Haute companies were to be there; they expected to meet them, and were prepared to compete with them or any other company for the prize. The *Gazette* man boasts of Mattoon's hospitality. Wonder if he expected the Decatur militia to tear themselves away from the attractions here just for a free ride and a free dinner in that hot hole, now very properly dubbed the "jumping-off place," etc. The Guards did respond to the invitation, as the committee very well know, and their attempt to squirm out of their offer is only another evidence that they propose to beat the company out of its fairly won prize. The statement of the *Gazette* is wholly at variance with the facts in the case, and was authorized to be published as a sort of a bluff. Had it not been for the presence of Mrs. Light, the balloonist, and the Decatur militia, the celebration at Mattoon on the 4th would have been dead as a door nail, and the managers know it. Much more might be said, but the above will suffice for the present. In future Mattoon will have to "pony up" in advance if she wants Decatur attractions to assist her to drawing a crowd.

Ayer's Fifth Annual Excursion for 1879.

This excursion will take in the "Friendly Hand" trip to Niagara Falls and return, $7 50; Toronto, Put-in-Bay and Detroit, each, $1 extra; and, in addition, a choice selection of routes through the lakes to Mackinaw, Marquette, Duluth, St. Paul, and home via Chicago or Quincy, also across the state of Michigan to Grand Haven, and home via Milwaukee or Chicago. Of the Niagara Falls trip it is too well known to say anything in its praise, and all know that Ayer never offers anything in the way of routes or hotels except the very best. He will personally supervise the trip to the Falls and home via Put-in-Bay. Parties who desire can go direct to Put-in-Bay, and remain there the limit of the ticket, arriving on Wednesday and leaving Monday morning. Programmes can be found after Monday, July 28th, at Wabash depot. july 22 d&wtf

The Greenest Boy

Can buy as cheap as the smartest man at Cheap Charley's. You are cordially invited to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere. Remember, no — goods 26—d&wtf.

CALDWELL, SUMNER CO., KANSAS.

A Rare Chance for a Paying Investment.

Jean F. Webb and A. J. Wallace, the chief proprietors of the town of New Caldwell, Sumner county, Kansas, will be in Decatur for three or four weeks before they return west. During this time they will offer for sale a limited number of lots in their new town to such of their friends and acquaintances as may desire to make a highly remunerative investment. Terms made known at the law office of Jean F. Webb, Water street, Decatur, at which place also a correct plat of the town may be seen and full information obtained. The importance of this town is due largely to the following facts: It is the terminus of the railroad extending south from Wichita, and being on the line of the Indian Territory, will remain the terminus for years to come. It will be the distributing point, without a rival, for the immense supply of goods to the forts, Indian tribes and ranchmen of the territory. By its position it will have for shipment the greater part of the immense droves of Texas cattle brought annually from the South. It is locally supported by the best farming country in Kansas, and its retail trade will be drawn from a region of settled country twice the size of Macon county. It is one of the most beautiful and healthy town sites in Kansas. It has an abundance of good well water; a never-failing stream flowing close by; a sufficient supply of timber for fuel, and an excellent stone quarry within three miles. The attention of men seeking locations for business, and of capitalists seeking profitable investments, have already been turned to this important point. Men in Wichita, Topeka and Kansas City, being nearest, have been first to see the importance of this new business center of the southwest, and have already invested several thousand dollars, although the town has been platted less than sixty days. The proprietors confidently believe that investments made now will yield a profit of 100 to 500 per cent. in three years, and that, in a limited way, it is one of the best openings for business and capital to be found anywhere.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post-office, at Decatur, Macon co., Illinois, July 23, 1879.

Bircher Alice G	Hank Jacob
Barnett John M	Hawkins Jim
Baker Miss Mattie	Howard Mrs W L
Burk Cornelia	Long J W
Burgoyne Harry L	O'Niel John
Corcoran Dan	Perring Eugene
Dean Lou	Parker George
Gillespie B T	Tuttle Maggie
Gartland Katie (3)	Wills Lewis

R. P. LYTLE, P. M.

EVERY FLAVOR TRUE.

By a process entirely his own, Dr. Price is enabled to extract from each of the true select fruits and aromatics, all of its characteristic flavor, and place in the market a class of Flavorings of rare excellence. We know Dr. Price's True Flavoring Extracts will give perfect satisfaction.

Still Ahead!

Many people wonder at our low prices. But, ladies and gentleman, a nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling. And all Summer Goods must be closed out of our store at once. Doing business on this principal, and buying and selling strictly for cash, is the secret of our present low prices, and has built up our five large flourishing stores, and is still increasing the business of Lambert & Co., proprietors of the POPULAR NEW YORK STORE.

July22-d&wtf

We Guarantee

Price, color and quality of all the goods we sell, but from this date will take no goods back because the purchaser makes a mistake; as goods are always more or less damaged, and remnants always entail losses that cannot be borne on account of the very small profits.

July 19-d&wtf LINN & SCRUGGS.

WE congratulate Messrs. Wheelock, Finlay & Co., of New Orleans, La., upon their happy idea of giving to the public information of the contents of Dr. F. Wilhoft's Anti-Periodic or Fever and Ague Tonic, which of late has gained such well-deserved popularity among the people. As far as we know, this is the only proprietary remedy for the cure of Chills and Fever, the composition of which is not kept a secret. For sale by all druggists.

Jul17-d&w2w

OUR CLAIMS.

We claim that there is greater certainty and uniformity in the production of good bread, biscuits, etc, in the use of Dr Price's Cream Baking Powder, and that the articles made with it are more wholesome and digestible than if made with any other kind. Test it by the most reliable and truthful test—in the oven.

WHEN NEGLECTFUL OF THE DUTY assigned to it by nature, that of secreting the bile, the liver should be disciplined with Dr. MOTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS which will speedily remedy its inaction and stimulate it to a vigorous performance of its secretive function. Constipation, which is an invariable accompaniment of liver disorder, is always overcome by this great anti-bilious cathartic, and indigestion, chronic and acute, is completely cured by it. Sold by S. M. Irwin, the Live Druggist. [July 19-d&w7w

Query:—Why will you smoke a poor 5-cent cigar when you can get "Kepler's Queen," warranted 18 carats fine, for the same money? [April 11-dtf

Agents Wanted.

Call at the I. X. L. Hog Ringer office, on South Main street. 21-d3d

SHELLABARGER'S patent process flour saves one-half the labor in baking, and will make more bread to the pound than any other flour ever sold here.

Dec. 18-d&wtf

See those new spring styles Ladies' Shoes and Slippers, at Ferriss' Shoe Store.

Jan. 25-d&wtf

PERSONAL MENTION.

Hon. J. G. Cannon took his departure this noon for Danville.

Cy. Robinson has gone to Chicago to take in the races.

The Danville *News* says J. F. Payne, of Decatur, is stumping Ohio for Ewing and Rice.

Miss Meta Batteiger got home yesterday from a very pleasant visit to relatives at Burkville, Ill.

James Millikin and Jason Rogers went to Chicago this noon to be absent a few days.

Silas Packard left this afternoon for Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minnesota, on a short pleasure trip.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Day, of Mosequa, and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Day, of Memphis, were among the excursionists to Niagara Falls last night.

Walter Towling accidentally broke his arm the other day. In the course of a week he will be back again at his place at "Our Drug Store."

Miss Tennie Murphy, sister of Mrs. Phillip Bury, started for Windsor, Canada, last night. A large number of her friends were at the train to see her off

Theron Powers is at Saratoga, N. Y., where "Volturno" is entered for the August races. From there he will go to Long Branch, Boston and other points on the race circuit. Good luck to him.

Rev. J. L. Crane, formerly postmaster at Springfield, and now pastor of the M. E. church at Shelbyville, has been prostrated by a stroke of paralysis.

Dan. Egbert, the champion billiardist, received this morning, as a present, a handsomely inlaid cue from H. F. Corbin, agent J. M. Brunswick Balke Co. House, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Dr. W. B. Mosser, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., is in the city visiting relatives. The doctor visited here in 1873, and expresses himself as much pleased with the improvements in our city since that time.—Dr. M. is accompanied by his wife and daughter.

W. K. Sullivan, of the Chicago *Journal*, has gone to Europe for the benefit of his health. He didn't look very unhealthy when he was here in 1878, and made sport of the prohibitionists. He weighs 250 pounds.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the brides father in Mt. Zion township, Macon county, Ill., July 20, 1879, by Rev. James H. Crowder of Bethany, Mr Jas. N. Ping and Miss Sarah A. Tohill, both of Mt Zion township. After the wedding came congratulations and a grand supper, served in most elegant manner. Among the guests present were Squire Milo Thomas and family, Rev. and Mrs. N. W. Tohill, J. S. Tohill and family, Martin Ping and family, and the wife and daughter of the officiating clergyman.

Look!!—To your own interest, and go to the Farmers' Exchange Store with your wood, grain and produce of all kinds, where you can get goods at low prices.

E. B. PRATT,
37 N. Church st., Decatur, Ill
May 15-d&wtf)

New Carpets constantly received by Linn & Scruggs. [may17-d&wtf.

Mrs. Grindol, at her boarding house No. 11 West Main street, can furnish boarding and rooms by the day or week for a few more boarders; fare good, and price very reasonable.

March 5—dtf

MARKET REPORT.

DECATUR, ILL., July 23, 1879.

GRAIN MARKET.	
FLOUR—patent process	$3.50
FLOUR—White Wheat selling per hundred lbs	3.00
FLOUR—Red wheat selling per hundred lbs	2.75
CORN MEAL White selling	2.50@2.60
" " Yellow "	.50
SHORTS Per hundred, selling	.75
CORN	.50
WHEAT	.95
OATS	.27
RYE	.75
FARM PRODUCE.	
POTATOES	40@50
BUTTER Per lb	15@18
EGGS—Per dozen	.08
LARD Selling	.10
SIDE-BACONS—Selling	.10
HAMS—Selling	.10@.15
CHICKENS Per dozen, live	1.50@1.50
" " " dressed	2.00@2.25
TURKEYS Dressed	.06@.8
ONIONS—Per bushel	.35@.40
APPLES—Per bushel	50@.75
TIMOTHY HAY—New, per ton	8.00
FAT CATTLE Per cwt	3.50@4.00
HOGS—Per cwt	2.50@3.00
WOOL—Fine, unwashed	.16@.18
" " washed	.30@.32
" " Tub-washed	.25@.28
HIDES—Green	4½
" " damaged	½ price
" " Dry	.8@.12½
SHEEP PELTS—Apiece	50@75
TALLOW—Per pound	4½

OPERA HOUSE.

Two Nights Only.

The New York Pinafore Opera Troupe in a perfect rendition of GILBERT & SULLIVAN'S Great Work

H. M. S.

PINAFORE!

—OR THE—

Lass THAT Loved a Sailor.

MONDAY & TUESDAY
July 28th and 29th.

Strong Company. Full Chorus and Orchestra.

The most charming Opera now being played. —*N. Y. Herald.*

Reserved Seats, ... 75 cents.
Admission, ... 50 "
Gallery, ... 25 "

☞ Box sheet now open at Abbott's.
July 22-dtd

DRY GOODS!

Oil Cloths, Window Shades Mattings

—AND—

CARPETS

For the Million!

2000 PIECES RIBBONS, from 2 to 4 inches wide, from 8½ to 15 cts. a yard, worth three times as much, and is doubtless the last great Job in Ribbons that will ever be offered in this market.
1000 PIECES HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES 25 per cent. below the price of importers.
100 DOZEN ALL LINEN NAPKINS at 65 cts. a dozen; very cheap.
100 DOZ. ALL-LINEN NAPKINS at 90 cts. less than jobbers' price.
100 DOZ. ALL LINEN NAPKINS, fast edges, at $1.20 per dozen; great bargains.
100 DOZ. LADIES' PRINTED HANDKERCHIEFS at 10 cents; worth 25 cts.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

CRASHES, TOWELINGS & TABLE LINENS.

4000 YARDS BEAUTIFUL DRESS GINGHAMS.
20,000 YARDS HANDSOME PRINTS at 5 cts.

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND CORSETS

IN GREAT VARIETY AND VERY CHEAP.

3000 YARDS DEER ISLAND JEANS at 30 cts.; worth 50c.
LADIES' SUITS, DOLMAN'S CLOAKS and SHAWLS, in all the novelties, and very cheap.
DRESS TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS, LACES, VEILINGS and RUCHINGS, below the market price.
BLACK and COLORED DRESS and TRIMMING SILKS retailed at wholesae prices.
BLACK CASHMERES retailed at Jobbers' prices.
PARASOLS and SUN UMBRELLAS in every style and price.

Dress Goods,

In Exquisite Styles, and at Lower Prics than were ever known.
2000 YARDS HEAVY COTTONADE at 18c, worth 25 cts.
FINE and HEAVY BROWN MUSLINS at 6¼ cts.
SHIRTINGS, CHEVIOTS, TICKINGS, GRAIN BAGS, CARPET WARPS, GINGHAMS, DENIMS and OIL CLOTHS, at the very Lowest Prices.

If you wish to save money, never buy your Dry Goods and Carpets until you examine Goods and prices at the Popular House of

Linn & Scruggs

against which no house that has ever come to Decatur has been able to compete. apr2-d&wtf

NOW IS YOUR TIME!

In order to reduce, and, if possible, to EFFECT A CLEAN CLEARANCE SALE before purchasing our Fall Stock, we are determined to sell anything and everything in the subjoined departments

AT ACTUAL COST!

AND HAVE SO MARKED THE GOODS. Call in and be convinced of the sincerity of our offer.

OUR SPECIALS ARE:

In Corsets we offer a large and varied display; but desire to especially mention our hand-seamed made, with side steel and double busk, retailing the world over at 75 cents, we offer them as specials for 50 cents.

For a cheap and durable Summer Corset, we beg leave to call your attention to our Hip Gore Corsets, at 20 cents.

We show a full, regular made Ladies' Hose, in brown and bleached, at 20 cents, that can be had nowhere else for less than 33⅓ cents; also plain colors and stripes, both in Children's and Ladies' Hose.

In Handkerchiefs we show an all linen ladies' size for 7 cents.

In Folding Japanese Fans our assortment and prices are unequaled, and the admiration of all who see them.

In Parasols we offer as handsome a line in plain, black and brown, (new and not shelf-worn), as can be found in this city, at 20 per cent. less than ever offered before anywhere.

A $1.00 Unlaundried Shirt, made with 1800 linen bosom, cuffs and bands, we are selling at 75 cents—a perfect fit, and quality as represented guaranted.

We would also direct your attention to our 47½ Cent Unlaundried Shirt, not an all-linen bosom and cuffs as represented by unscrupulous dealers, but a *good union.* This Shirt we recommend as by far the Cheapest Unlaundried Shirt in the market.

In Embroideries and Laces we lead.

In Ruchings we can show as complete a line as can be found in the city, having not less than 100 boxes in stock in reserve.

To appreciate our bargains you must see the goods, as in all cases a purchase is sure to follow.

CHEAP STORE,

18 Merchant St., Decatur, Illinois.

July 19—d&w3mos

CHICAGO TROTTING RACES!

$19,500 IN PURSES!

JULY 22, 23, 24 & 25.

Two Races Each Day.

Thursday, July 24th, SPECIAL PURSE OF $5,000, RAKUS and HOPEFUL, Mile Heats, 3 in 5, in Harness.

This will be the first and ONLY time they will ever come together, BOTH IN BULKLEY.
Among the other celebrated Trotters that will contend in these races may be named:
POSSESSETTER, JUDGE FULLERTON, HANNIS, MIDNIGHT, HAMBLETONIAN MAMBRINO, LUCILLE, GEN. THOMAS, CLEMENTINE, DRIVER, BOYD, DARBY, MONROE CHIEF, ALLEY.
And many others. Excursion rates on all Railroads. Street Cars run directly to track. Fare 5c.

57 ENTRIES, INCLUDING THE MOST FAMOUS TROTTERS IN AMERICA.

July 2—2d

SAVED
TIME, LABOR AND MONEY,
WABASH
ROUTE,
THE GREAT ROUTE
NORTH, EAST, SOUTH OR WEST,
LIGHTNING TRAINS,

Invariably on Time, with Close and Sure Connections.

No change of Cars to St. Louis, Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Peoria, Burlington, Kansas City, Atchison and St. Joe, and only one change to all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Arkansas and Texas,

FORMING THE

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST

—AND—

ONLY DIRECT ROUTE

From the West to all points in the East, including New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Through Sleepers from St. Louis to Boston

1223 MILES,

The Longest Sleeping Car Line in the World.

Departure of Trains at Decatur Station:

Main Line.

GOING WEST.

No. 1 Through Express	7:00 a. m
" 3 Fast Line	4:10 a. m
" 5 Fast Mail	3:10 p. m

GOING EAST.

No. 2 Lightning Express	10:45 p. m
" 4 Atlantic Express	11:45 a. m
" 6 Accommodation	6:40 p. m

☞ The following Freight trains will carry passengers with tickets:

Going East	9:45 a. m
Going West	1:15 p. m

St. Louis Division.

DEPART.

No. 41 Through Express	3:50 a. m
" 43 Fast Line	4:30 a. m
" 45 Fast Mail	4:00 p. m
Freight	7:30 a. m.

ARRIVE.

No. 42 Lightning Express	10:30 p. m
" 44 Atlantic Express	11:30 a. m
" 46 Accommodation	9:45 p. m

A. L. HOPKINS, General Manager.
R. ANDREWS, General Sup't.
H. C. TOWNSEND, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Toledo.
K. HARWOOD, Agent, Decatur.

Through Time by the I. B. & W. ROUTE.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS.	No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 6.
I., B. & W. R. R.			
Leave Decatur	.....	.....	2:00 p m
Arr Monticello	.....	.....	4:25 p m
Lv Champaign	6:10 a m	1:34 p m	11:25 p m
Ar Danville	7:43 a m	3:06 p m	1:24 a m
Ar Indianapolis	11:00 a m	6:00 p m	4:30 a m
Ar Cincinnati	4:05 p m	10:45 p m	8:55 a m
W. B. & M. R. R.			
Lv Decatur	.....	11:40 a m	10:45 p m
" Toledo	.....	12:52 p m	11:57 p m
Ar Danville	.....	2:12 p m	1:18 a m
" Indianapolis	11:00 a m	6:00 p m	4:20 a m
" Cincinnati	4:05 p m	10:45 p m	8:55 a m
" Dayton	4:55 p m	11:40 p m	9:35 a m
" Columbus	9:40 p m	12:45 a m	12:35 p m
" Zanesville	1:30 a m	.....	3:10 p m
" Wheeling	5:05 a m	.....	6:40 p m
" Washington	7:20 p m	9:07 p m	7:50 a m
" Baltimore	8:30 p m	7:35 p m	7:45 a m
" Philadelphia	.....	7:50 a m	7:35 p m
" Harrisburg	.....	3:55 p m	3:30 a m
" Philadelphia	3:10 a m	7:30 p m	7:25 a m
" New York	6:25 a m	10:45 p m	10:25 a m
" Cleveland	.....	4:32 a m	12:05 p m
" Chicago	.....	7:40 a m	2:30 p m
" Buffalo	.....	1:05 p m	8:05 p m
" Boston	.....	8:15 a m	2:40 p m
" Louisville	7:40 p m	11:50 p m	8:30 a m
" Nashville	.....	8:30 a m	7:30 p m

Train No. 6 will leave Decatur via Wabash Railway daily, and run through to Indianapolis, making all Eastern connections. All other trains daily, except Sunday.

Reclining Chair Sleeping Cars with State Rooms are run on No. 8, to Indianapolis.

GEO. R. WRIGHT, Receiver.
OREN W. BROWN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Indianapolis, Ind.
For through tickets and further information address W. S. MARSHALL, Agent, Decatur, Ill.

FOR THE NORTH & NORTHWEST.

PEKIN, LINCOLN & DECATUR RAILROAD.

Take this Line for

Burlington, Council Bluffs,

Omaha, Galesburg, Davenport, Rock Island, LaSalle, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, and all points North and Northwest. Connections made at Peoria in Union Depot, for all points in Iowa, Nebraska, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

For Through Tickets and further information, apply to

K. HARWOOD, Agent, Union Depot, Decatur, Ill.

TIME-TABLE.

DECATUR AND PEORIA SHORT LINE

Peoria & St Louis Express	Mail & Express	1879. Mar. 9th	St Louis Mail & Express	Eastern & South. Express
Leave.			Arrive.	
11.30 a.m	4.30 pm	Decatur.	3.50 pm	10.00 pm
12.45 "	5.31 "	Mt Pulaski	2.59 "	8.30 "
1.10 pm	5.50 "	Lincoln	2.35 "	7.45 "
1.51 "	6.22 "	Delavan	1.55 "	6.32 "
2.05 "	6.45 "	Green Val.	1.43 "	6.15 "
3.20 "	7.15 "	Pekin	1.20 "	5.40 "
3.00 pm	7.45 "	Peoria	12.55 "	5.00 "

G. R. COBLEIGH, Gen'l Manager, P. L. & D. R'y, Pekin.
L. M. RUPERT, Chief Ticket Clerk, P. L. & D. R'y, Pekin.
November 12, 1878.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

DECATUR STATION, April 13, 1878.

On and after to-day, until further notice, trains on this line will leave Decatur as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

Passenger	10:20 a m
Passenger	6:30 p m
Freight	9:45 a m

GOING NORTH.

Passenger	5:05 a m
Passenger	3:25 p m
Freight	4:20 "

J. C. McMULLEN, Sup't, Chicago.
J. C. POWERS, Sup'r Transportation, Chicago.
O. D. JUDSON, Agent, Decatur.

J. H. MILLER,
BRICKLAYER.

ALL SORTS OF

BRICKWORK, PAVING, &C.,

done to order. Prices low, and satisfaction guaranteed.

RESIDENCE:

NO. 55 WEST PRAIRIE STREET.

June 20—dtmo

Indianapolis, Decatur & Springfield RAILWAY CO.

Make this for the East and all points North and South on the Chicago & Paducah Railway, Illinois Central, (Chicago Division), Paris & Danville Railway, E., T. H. & C. R'y, and L. C. & S. R'y. Close connections being made at all Junction Stations, and through tickets on sale at the ticket office, Decatur, Ill.

CONDENSED TIME-CARD.

NOVEMBER 10th, 1878.

LEAVE.

STATIONS.	Freight	Freig't	Pass.	Pass.
Decatur	6:00 am	.....	1:15 pm	.....
Hammond	7:22 am	.....	2:11 pm	.....
Tuscola	8:[illegible] am	.....	2:58 pm	.....
Newman	10:25 am	.....	3:42 pm	.....
Christman	12:00 am	.....	4:25 pm	.....
Hillsdale	1:40 pm	.....	5:12 pm	.....
Montezuma	1:45 pm	.....	5:20 pm	.....
Bloomingdale	2:25 pm	.....	5:50 pm	.....
Guion	3:00 pm	.....	6:00 pm	.....

ARRIVE.

STATIONS.	Pass.	Pass.	Freight.	Fr'ght.
Decatur	11:35 am	.....	5:30 pm	.....
Hammond	10:40 am	.....	4:08 pm	.....
Tuscola	9:55 am	.....	3:00 pm	.....
Newman	9:12 am	.....	1:15 pm	.....
Christman	8:30 am	.....	11:10 am	.....
Hillsdale	7:45 am	.....	9:21 am	5:05 pm
Montezuma	7:10 am	.....	9:15 am	5:50 pm
Bloomingdale	7:20 am	.....	.....	4:20 pm
Guion	7:00 am	.....	.....	3:45 pm

H. C. MOORE, Chief Engineer and Supt.
C. V. LEWIS, Gen'l Freight and Ticket Agent.
O. H. FISCH, Train Master and Supt. Tel.
General Office, Tuscola, Illinois
GEO. E. LARY, Ticket Agent, Decatur, Ill.

ILLINOIS MIDLAND R'Y.

On and after Sunday, June 23d, trains will arrive and leave as follows:

GOING EAST.

No. 1 Passenger	2.11 p. m
" 9 Freight	12.32 a. m

ARRIVE FROM THE EAST.

No. 2	11:48 a. m
" 10	12:10 a. m

GOING WEST.

No. 2 Passenger	11:50 a. m
" 10 Freight	11:50 a. m

ARRIVE FROM THE WEST

No. 1	2:10 p. m
" 9	12:30 a. m

Connecting at Peoria with train for the west and northwest.

Sleeping Cars at Terre Haute through to Cincinnati, New York and Philadelphia.

L. GENIS, Receiver, Terre Haute.
A. E. SHRADER, Traffic Man., Terre Haute.
A. J. STEEN, Agent, Decatur, Ill

DECATUR POST-OFFICE.

Arrival and Closing of Mails.

MAILS ARRIVE

St. Louis, Springfield, Chicago, Chicago & Toledo R. P. O., Jacksonville, Quincy, Toledo, Bement, Arcola, Tuscola, Effingham, Alton, Lafayette, Indianapolis, Toledo, South (I. C. R. R.), Eastern Express Mail	5:30 a. m.
I. B. & W.	10:45 "
C. B. & Q. via Mendota, Chicago and Dubuque, D. M. & S.	10:40 "
St. Louis (Wabash R. R.), Western Wabash, I. D. & S., Midland from East	12:00 m.
Midland from West	2:30 p. m
Eastern (Wabash), P. L. & D.	4:00 "
North (I. C. R. R.)	6:30 "

MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern (Wabash), Midland West	11:15 a. m
I. D. & S.	12:45 p. m
I. B. & W.	1:30 "
Midland East, D. M. & S.	1:45 "
Saint Louis, (Wabash R. R.) West, (Wabash R. R.), C. B. & Q. via Mendota, Chicago and Dubuque	3:15 "
P. L. & D.	4:00 "
South (I. C. R. R.)	5:30 "
North (I. C. R. R.)	7:30 "

NIGHT EXPRESS MAILS.

Chicago, Chicago and Toledo, Quincy, Jacksonville, Alton, Effingham, Arcola, Tuscola, Bement, Peoria, Centralia, Cairo, St. Louis, Lafayette, Toledo, Indianapolis, Springfield, Eastern Express Mail. ..... 7:30 "

July 30, 1879. R. P. LYTLE, P. M.

HARPER'S BAZAR.
1879.
ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

"To dress, according to *Harper's Bazar* will to the aim and ambition of the women of America.—*Boston Transcript.*

"As a faithful chronicle of fashion, and a newspaper of domestic and social character, it ranks without a rival.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

"This paper has acquired a wide reputation for the fireside enjoyment it affords, and has become an established authority with the ladies.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

"The Volumes of the *Bazar* begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of his order.

Harper's Periodicals.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, One Year	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY, " "	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR, " "	4 00
The THREE publications, " "	10 00
Any TWO, one year	7 00
SIX subscriptions, one year	20 00

Terms for large clubs furnished on application.

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 each. A complete Set, comprising Eleven Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per volume, freight at expense of purchaser.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

HARPER'S WEEKLY.
1879.
ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Weekly* remains easily at the head of illustrated papers by its fine literary quality, the beauty of its type and woodcuts.—*Springfield Republican.*

Its pictorial attractions are superb, and embrace every variety of subject and of artistic treatment.—*Zion's Herald*, Boston.

The *Weekly* is a potent agency for the dissemination of correct political principles, and a powerful opponent of shams, frauds, and false pretenses.—*Evening Express*, Rochester.

The Volumes of the *Weekly* begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of his order.

Harper's Periodicals.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, One Year	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY, " "	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR, " "	4 00
The THREE publications, " "	10 00
Any TWO, one year	7 00
SIX subscriptions, one year	20 00

Terms for large clubs furnished on application.

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 each. A Complete Set, comprising Twenty-two Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per volume, freight at expense of purchaser.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

The Best Out.

PEMBLE & SON'S EXCELSIOR HOG CATCHER AND HOLDER—the best one in the market—for sale by hardware dealers generally, and by **CLOSE & GRISWOLD** Decatur, Illinois.

R. PEMBLE & SON, Sole manufacturers, Cerro Gordo, Ill.

March 6—wdmco*

The Daily Republican.

ACCORDING to a careful computation, the number of daily and weekly papers and other periodicals published on the surface of our globe is 23,291. Of this number there are in Africa 50, in Australia 100, in Asia 387, in America 9,129, in Europe, 13,625. Among European countries, England publishes the largest number of journals, viz, 2,509; after which come France, 2,000; Italy, 1,226; Austria, 1,200; Russia 500.

THE Government has at Washington the largest printing office in the world. Its annual cost is nearly $2,000,000. Since it was established in 1860 the treasury has paid out on its account $28,000,000, an average of over $1,500,000 a year. The amount of material on hand is enormous. It has never been inventoried. For one thing the office has on hand over 2,000,000 pounds of type.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. This Salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Hubbard & Swearingen, Decatur.

Feb. 3-d&w8mo

MERKLE Seamless Side-lace Shoes, for Ladies, at Ferriss's. Perfect fitting, no seams, and consequently no ripping—an elegant style, for $2.50.

Feb. 18—d&wtf

NICKEL-PLATED heels, Merkle Patent Seamless Shoes, check, blue and basket top, side lace and button shoes, at Ferriss's Shoe Store.

Feb. 20—d&wtf

LADIES' night dresses, chemises, drawers and skirts, at *very low prices.*

June 27—d&wtf LINN & SCRUGGS.

SHELLABARGER'S patent process flour saves one-half the labor in baking, and will make more bread to the pound than any other flour ever sold here.

Dec. 18 d&wtf

The Comfort Patent Corset—Burtree's Adjustable, Foy's Supporter, Moody's Abdominal, Glove Fitting, Hundred Bones, together with the best and cheapest French Corsets in the city, at

Jan. 23 d&wtf LINN & SCRUGGS'

Every Lady who desires a neat fitting shoe should try D. W. Wright's Rochester Shoes. They are celebrated for being the neatest and most comfortable-fitting shoes ever made. Barber & Baker keep a full assortment of them in all widths and sizes. [June 19—d&wtf

See those new spring styles Ladies' Shoes and Slippers, at Ferriss' Shoe Store

Jan. 25—d&wtf

One hundred doz. ladies and childrens' hose, at 5 cents a pair, just received by

may19d&wtf LINN & SCRUGGS.

Young Men can find the largest variety of fine shoes in the city at Barber & Baker's. They make a specialty of men's fine shoes. [June 19 d&wtf

If you want the best and cheapest hosiery and gloves, go to

may10 d&wtf LINN & SCRUGGS'.

Shellabarger's Patent Process Flour retains all the nourishment contained in the wheat. None of its virtues are wasted. Try it [Dec. 18—d&wtf

SUMMER shawls, dress goods, parasols and sun umbrellas, for less than cost of manufacture, at the Popular New York Store. 14d&wtf

WE ARE now able to supply the demand for a good, solid, serviceable and neat walking shoe for $1.00. Call and see them, at Barber & Baker's

Feb. 11-d&wtf

Ferriss' New Stock of Spring Goods suits everybody in style, quality and price.

April 30—d&wtf

For Sale—The building now occupied by J. Millikin & Co., Bankers, at a bargain. Also, ten shares of bank stock of the Decatur National Bank, at less than par. Inquire of O. F. PARKER.

May 6-dtf

AN elegant line of white Duck and Marseilles vests at B. Stine's.

may21-dtf

"THE NEW SILVER BILL."

General Bill 9,999.—"An act to establish the shortest, quickest and most direct route from all points in the East to the Great Gold and Silver Mines of Colorado."

Be it enacted by the people of the United States, that they shall travel only by the route offering the least changes of cars, surest connections, with all the latest improvements for the comforts and convenience of the traveling public, between the East and the Great West.

The press and the people all unite in pronouncing the "Old Reliable" Hannibal and St. Joseph R. R. the only line which can offer these inducements.

They are the only line running through Day Coaches and Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Toledo, Ohio, via Defiance, Fort Wayne, Peru, Logansport, Lafayette, Danville, Tolono, Decatur, Springfield, Jacksonville and Quincy, to the Missouri river without change. The only line running Day Coaches between Indianapolis and Missouri river, via Danville Junction and Quincy, without change, and a Daily Line of Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Celebrated HORTON RECLINING CHAIR CARS, between Chicago, via Aurora, Mendota, Galesburg and Quincy, to Kansas City, without change, making *sure* and close connections for all points in Kansas, Nebraska and the Gold Fields of Colorado. Our rates to Leadville and other points in Colorado and the Great West are always as cheap as by any other line.

For maps, time tables and full information address

R. TENBROECK, Gen'l Eastern Ag't, 317 Broadway, N. Y.
J. A. S. REED, Gen'l Trav. Ag't, 59 Clark st., Chicago.
C. W. BOARDMAN, Trav. Agent, Decatur, Ill.,
Or T. PENFIELD, Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Hannibal, Mo.

March 28, 1879—dtf

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TAIT & HUNDLEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
And Solicitors in Chancery.
Office No. 22 Water street, over Fenton's store, Decatur, Ill. jun5-w6mo

E. W. WEEMS, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
(Surgery preferred.)
☞ Office over Armstrong's Drug Store.
June23-d&w3m*

JOSIAH BROWN, M. D.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.
Office, corner East Main and Water streets, Court House Block.
March 20, 1879—d&wtf

WILLIAM T. CUSSINS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery.
Office No. 10 Water street, Decatur, Ill.
☞ Private funds to loan on farm lands.
Feb. 12.d&wtf

BUNN & BUNN,
A. Brower Bunn and John B. Bunn,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law
AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.
Office on East Main street, over J. Millikin & Co.'s Bank, Decatur, Ill.
Jan. 15, 1879—d&wtf

JOHN A. BROWN,
Attorney-at-Law,
And Master in Chancery for Macon county, Illinois. Office 22 North Water street, west side of New Square, Decatur, Ill.
Jan. 10, 1879—d&wly

GEORGE R. SHIRLEY, Blue Mound, Ill.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Prompt attention given to all kinds of collections. Money to loan on real estate.
May 5, 1878—d&wtf

JEAN P. WEBB,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
And Solicitor in Chancery, Decatur, Illinois. Office, 21 Water street—Upstairs.
April 4, 1878—d&wtf

JOSIAH M. CLOKEY,
Attorney and Counselor-at-Law,
Office over the Decatur National Bank. Special attention to matters in Probate and Chancery Decatur, Ill., Apr. 9,'78. d&wly

T. S. HOSKINS,
DENTIST,
offers his professional services to the people of Decatur and vicinity. Work guaranteed of best quality. Office over Hightman's grocery store, Merchant street, Decatur, Illinois.
May29'75-d&wtf

I. A. BUCKINGHAM,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office over Hildebrandt's Drug Store, Decatur, Illinois. April 27 2011

ELDRIDGE & HOSTETLER,
E. H. Eldridge, J. C. Hostetler
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Office over Newell & Hammer's Grocery Store.
Jul374-dly

HARVEY PASCO,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Chancery and Notary Public.
Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, Contracts, and all kinds of Legal Instruments carefully written and Acknowledgments taken and Abstracts examined. Attention given to Probate business, War Claims, and all matters arising under the State insolvent law. Collections made in all parts of the United States. Office over Bushnell's Shoe Store, East Main street, Decatur, Ill. Office open from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M. Also office at No. 42 West Wood street, open from 8 to 10 P. M. June25d&wtf

B. L. STERRETT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Office southeast corner of the Old Square, in the office formerly occupied by S. G. Malone, Esq., over W. C. Armstrong's Drug Store.
Jun16d&wly

BUNN & PARK, D. L. Bunn, Edwin Park,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Office No. 14 East Main street, up stairs, Decatur, Illinois. April 7'76-d&wtf

DR. R. C. DAWKINS,
DENTIST.
Chloroform, Ether or Gas given at any time for painless extraction of teeth.
Office over Rucker, Hammer & Co's Bank, Decatur, Illinois Dec26wlt

CLARK & ARBUCKLE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
And Solicitors in Chancery,
No. 22 North Water Street—back room.
Nov. 14—wtf

FRANK W. HAINES,
BILL POSTER, DISTRIBUTOR.
—AND—
AGENT SMITH'S OPERA HOUSE,
may be found on inquiry at the REPUBLICAN Counting Room.

S. J. BUMSTEAD, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
OCULIST AND AURIST
Successor to Dr. J. W. Routh, Decatur. Office on East Main street, formerly occupied by Drs Routh. Residence No 22 West Eldorado street.
May25'77-d&w3m.

DR. A. S. WALTZ,
DENTIST,
Office over Barber & Co's Shoe Store, East Main street; Residence No. 49 North Main street, Decatur, Illinois. Jan18'74-d3m*

FRANK S. GRIMES, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
28 North Water St., opposite 1st M. E. church.
July 18-wtf

MRS ELLEN F. GRIMES, M. D.,
LADIES' PHYSICIAN.
Chronic Diseases of Women a Specialty.
Office, No. 28 North Water Street, opposite the 1st M. E. church. july18wtf

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,
N. LAUX & BRO., Proprietors,
South side of the Old Square, Decatur, Illinois.
March 15, 1878—d&w

FREE TO ALL
FLEETWOOD'S
LIFE OF CHRIST.
350 Pages. Over 200 Illustrations.
Free to all who send us their address and six cents in postage stamps. Address
UNITED STATES BOOK & BIBLE CO.
179 & 180 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

Great Bargains in Carpets and Window Shades, at Linn & Scruggs',

Jan 23—d&wtf

MICHIGAN STOVE CO.,
62 Lake St., CHICAGO. 93 Seneca St., BUFFALO.

BUY THE BEST
MICHIGAN
ARE THE BEST
DETROIT, MICH.
SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS

IN POINT OF

Economy in Fuel, Durability, and Convenience.

Completeness of Design, and Perfection of Construction.

Simplicity of Management, and General Working Qualities.

OUR MOTTO!

THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE

STOVES AND **RANGES**

IN THE MARKET.

TIME TRIED AND FIRE TESTED!

ACKNOWLEDGED FAVORITES.

EVERY STOVE RELIABLE,

AND PROVES A SUCCESS.

☞ALL GOODS FULLY WARRANTED.

FOR SALE EVERY-WHERE BY FIRST-CLASS DEALERS

And by MOREHOUSE & WELLS.

CLOSING OUT!

Having concluded to make a change in my business, I have determined to

CLOSE OUT

My Large and Well Selected Stock of

STOVES
—AND—
HARDWARE!

—AT—

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Call Soon and Secure Bargains.

All persons indebted to me will please call and settle and save cost.

R. C. CROCKER,
No. 9 Water Street.

Nov. 27, 1878—d&wtf

BLENZ & DANZEISEN
BUTCHERS
—AND—
PACKERS.

—A NEW STOCK OF—

SMOKED AND CURED MEATS.
WEST SIDE OF THE OLD SQUARE

We have on hand a choice lot of Sugar Cured Hams at 11 cents per pound; Sugar Cured Shoulders at 7 cents per pound; Lard at 8 cts per pound; Sliced Hams at 15 cents per pound

Breakfast Bacon, Dried Beef, Bologna and Lard at Wholesale and Retail

FRESH MEATS

Of all kinds on hand. We kill only first-class stock Feb19'78-d6m.

CURE YOURSELF!

Dr Bohannan's "Vegetable Cerative" is warranted to permanently cure all forms of Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Impotency, etc., and restore "Lost Power" and bring back the "Youthful Vigor of those who have destroyed it by sexual excesses or evil practises, in from two to seven weeks' time. This remedy, which has been used by Dr. Bohannan in his private practice for over thirty years, can now be known to fail in curing even the WORST CASES. It gives vitality and impart energy with wonderful effect to those middle aged men who feel a weakness beyond their years. Invigorating properties are felt at once. Young men suffering from the consequences of that dreadfully destructive habit of self-Abuse can use this medicine with the assurance of a speedy and PERMANENT cure. The patient gains strength and elasticity of spirits at once, as it acts directly on the parts affected, as a soothing and healing tonic and anodyne to the relaxed seminal vessels and irritated ducts, imparting power and tone and restoring them to their natural state, the same as if the baneful habit had never been indulged in. The ingredients are simple preparations of nature—barks, roots, herbs, etc., and are a specific for the above diseases.

☞Price, Five Dollars, sent with full directions, etc., to any address. For sale only at Dr C A Bohannan's office, No. 62 North Fifth street, between Washington avenue and Green st., St. Louis, Mo. Established in 1854. Dr B a "Treatise on Special Diseases," which gives a clear delineation, of the nature, symptoms, means of cure, etc., of VENEREAL, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, &c. sent FREE to any address upon receipt of one stamp.

MARRIAGE SECRETS A Book of nearly 200 pages numerous engravings, private, sensible, which the married and those contemplating marriage should know. Sent securely sealed for 25 cents (silver) or postage stamps. Address Dr. C. A. BOHANNAN, 62 North Fifth Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Jan. 18, 1879-d&wly

ELECTION NOTICE.

AT A REGULAR MEETING OF THE Board of Supervisors of Macon county, in the State of Illinois, held at the court house in the city of Decatur, in said Macon county, on Monday, the 14th day of July, A. D. 1879, it being the second Monday in the said month of July, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted, viz:

Whereas, the county of Macon, in the State of Illinois, has issued its bonds, bearing interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, in aid of the construction of railroads as follows, to-wit: $100,000 in aid of the Decatur and East St. Louis railroad, $100,000 in aid of the Pekin, Lincoln & Decatur Railroad, and $25,000 in aid of the Monticello Railroad; and whereas, there remains unpaid of said bonds, payable at the option of the county upon proper notice, as follows, to-wit: $83,000 in aid of the Decatur and East St. Louis Railroad, $100,000 in aid of the Pekin, Lincoln and Decatur Railroad, and $25,000 in aid of the Monticello Railroad, which are binding, subsisting, legal obligations of said county; and whereas, the rate of interest can be largely reduced on the said bonded indebtedness of the county by issuing new funding coupon bonds to the amount of $200,000, to fund a like amount of outstanding bonds aforesaid; and whereas, it is desirable that the Board of Supervisors of said county of Macon should issue new bonds of said county to the amount of $200,000, to be exchanged for a like amount of said outstanding bonds, or to be sold to raise money to purchase and retire a like amount of the same, and we have been petitioned by a number exceeding ten of the legal voters of said county, residents therein, to submit the question of funding $200,000 of said outstanding bonds into new bonds bearing a lower rate of interest to the voters of said county as the statute provides, under and by virtue of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois, entitled an act to amend an act approved April 27th, 1877, entitled an act to amend an act entitled "An act relating to county and city debts, and to provide for the payment thereof by taxation in such counties and cities, approved February 13th, 1865," and to amend the title thereof, approved June 4th, 1879, in force July 1st, 1879, and an act entitled an act to amend an act entitled an act to amend an act entitled "An act relating to county and city debts, and to provide for the payment thereof by taxation in such counties and cities, approved February 13th, 1865," and to amend the title thereof, approved April 27th, 1877, approved May 28th, 1879, in force July 1st, 1879; said bonds to be of the first-class, as specified in the first section of the act of Feb. 13th, 1865, as amended by the act of April 27, 1877, and June 4, 1879, aforesaid; and whereas, it is necessary that the question of issuing such new funding bonds shall be first authorized by a vote of a majority of the legal voters of said county voting at an election held for that purpose; therefore

Resolved, By the Board of Supervisors of said county of Macon, in the State of Illinois, that a special election be held in said county at the usual places of voting therein at general elections, on Tuesday, the twelfth day of August, 1879, for the purpose of voting upon the question of authorizing the Board of Supervisors of said county to issue new funding coupon bonds, under and by virtue of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois, entitled an act to amend an act approved April 27, 1877, entitled an act to amend an act entitled "An act relating to county and city debts, and to provide for the payment thereof by taxation in such counties and cities, approved Feb. 13th, 1865," and to amend the title thereof, approved June 4th, 1879, in force July 1st, 1879; and, an act entitled an act to amend an act entitled an act to amend an act entitled "An act relating to county and city debts, and to provide for the payment thereof by taxation in such counties and cities, approved Feb. 13th, 1865," and to amend the title thereof; approved and in force April 27th, 1877; approved May 28th, 1879; in force July 1st, 1879; said bonds to be of the 1st class as specified in the 1st section of the act of Feb. 13th, 1865, as amended by the acts of April 27th, 1877, and June 4th, 1879, aforesaid; the number of said bonds to be two hundred (200); the amount of each bond to be one thousand dollars ($1,000); the rate of interest to be six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of Jan. and July after their respective dates; the principal and interest of said bonds to be payable at the fiscal agency of the Treasurer of the State of Illinois, in the city of New York; said bonds to be issued in due form and in pursuance of law, for the purpose of funding a like amount of said old bonds outstanding now payable at the option of the county on proper notice, and for no other purpose; said bonds to be numbered from one (1) to two hundred (200), both inclusive, to bear such date or dates as the Board of Supervisors of said county may determine upon, and to become due and payable as follows, to-wit:

Those numbered from 1 to 10, both inclusive, in five years from their date.

Those numbered from 11 to 20, both inclusive, in six years from their date.

Those numbered from 21 to 30, both inclusive, in seven years from their date.

Those numbered from 31 to 40, both inclusive, in eight years from their date.

Those numbered from 41 to 50, both inclusive, in nine years from their date.

Those numbered from 51 to 62, both inclusive, in ten years from their date.

Those numbered from 63 to 74, both inclusive, in eleven years from their date.

Those numbered from 75 to 86, both inclusive, in twelve years from their date.

Those numbered from 87 to 98, both inclusive in thirteen years from their date.

Those numbered from 99 to 110, both inclusive, in fourteen years from their date.

Those numbered from 111 to 125, both inclusive, in fifteen years from their date.

Those numbered from 126 to 140, both inclusive, in sixteen years from their date.

Those numbered from 141 to 155, both inclusive, in seventeen years from their date.

Those numbered from 156 to 170, both inclusive, in eighteen years from their date.

Those numbered from 171 to 185, both inclusive, in nineteen years from their date.

Those numbered from 186 to 200, both inclusive, in twenty years from their date.

And further, that the form of ballots in voting at said election shall be "For issuing the bonds," or "Against issuing the bonds."

Resolved further, that the county clerk be and is hereby ordered and directed to give due and lawful notice of the time, places and purposes of said election, by posting a notice thereof in at least ten of the most public places in said county, and also by posting a like notice in one of the most public places in each voting precinct in said county, and by publishing the same in at least two of the nearest newspapers in said county twenty days before said election, which notice shall embrace the foregoing preamble and resolutions fully set forth. R. H. WOODCOCK, Chairman.

Therefore, notice is hereby given, that on

Tuesday, the Twelfth day of August, A. D. 1879,

at the usual places of voting at general elections in the several voting precincts in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, a special election will be held, for the purpose of voting upon the question of issuing two hundred bonds of said county for $1,000 each, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, for the purpose of funding a like amount of the said old outstanding bonds of said county; said new bonds to be of the kind and class, to bear the rate of interest, to be used for the purpose, and to be paid at the time and place as stated and set forth in the foregoing resolutions. Which election will be opened at eight o'clock in the morning and continue open until seven o'clock in the afternoon of that day.

Dated at Decatur, this 16th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine.

H. W. WAGGONER, County Clerk.

July 18 d6t

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of MARY ANN KAUFMAN, Dec'd.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against the estate of Mary Ann Kaufman, deceased, to present the same for adjudication and settlement at a regular term of the County Court of Macon County, to be holden at the court house in the City of Decatur, on the Third Monday of August, A. D. 1879, being the first day of said term.

Decatur, Ill., July 1st, A. D. 1879.

ISAAC S. KAUFMAN, Adm'r.

July 1—d3w.

INBANKRUPTCY—No. 2527.

In the District Court of the United States, for the Southern District of Illinois.

In the matter of JOHN S. TAGGART, bankrupt.

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court by said John S. Taggart, of Decatur, in the county of Macon, in said district, duly declared bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2nd, 1867, and the amendments thereto, for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, that on the 29th day of July, A. D. 1879, at 11 o'clock a. m., is assigned for the hearing of the same by the said court, at the United States Court Room in the City of Springfield, when and where all creditors of said bankrupt, and all other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

GEO. P. BOWEN, Clerk.

BUNN & PARK, Attorneys for Petitioner.

Dated at Springfield, June 24th, A. D. 1879.

June 25—d4w

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